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The North Carolinian.

PALEMON JOHN, Editor and Proprietor. Devoted to the Interests of the City, the County and the District. TERMS---$1.50 a Year, in Advance.

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THE NORTH CAROLINIAN
POWER
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The unexplored area of Canada is one million square miles.

Crude oil is being used in many parts of the West to take the place of the natural gas, which, in not a few sections, is being rapidly exhausted.

A discussion is in progress as to whether English or French is the more economical language to use in conversing over the London-Paris telephone line.

In the probate court of Boston the other day, in a contested will case, one of the counsel presented a type-written hypothetical question 84 pages long and which consumed three hours in reading.

The Southern railroads are complaining of a bad business year, which is depressing to "the holders of their stocks and bonds; it does'nt imply decreasing prosperity at the South, though, adds Once A Week.

Lady Florence Dixie of England asserts that she knows a woman who is captain of a ship, her sex unknown to her employers, and two disguised women who are among the most skillful of pilots. She ought with propriety add that women make unsurpassable mates.

Says the Philadelphia Ledger: Native Californians have become disgusted with the large influx of people from other states who settle on the Pacific slope for the benefit of their health. They have consequently formed a class of their own and wear badges by which they may be distinguished from the newcomers whom they affect to despise.

Statistics of the cost of the late general election in Italy show the amounts spent on "treating" to aggregate a total of 10,600,000 lire, about $2,000,000. In some districts the peasants had meat and wine, all they cared for, at the candidates' expense for a whole week before the election, and one candidate is said to have spent 100,000 lire for "electoral purposes."

It may possibly cause surprise to some, observes the Omaha (Neb.) World Herald, to be told that a person of ordinary intelligence can learn to make the characters or combinations forming the telegraph letters and to tick them off formed into words, slowly, in one, two or three days, and to read messages sent slowly, say eight or ten words per minute, in a few days or a week. Electrical appliances, ces, suitable for short lines, including instrument, wire and battery, are also quite cheap, and a very little instruction would make a nonprofessional able, too, to keep such a line in order and understand thoroughly its operation. If these facts were as well understood as they deserve to be, it is probable that many farming localities would have their wires making the circuit of two or three or a dozen farm houses. In this way the residents of a neighborhood could have instant communication with each other, and particularly out in comparatively new communities with farm houses far apart would such an institution be highly prized, as it would abolish to a large degree the feeling of isolation and loneliness.

From London comes news of the organization of a Social Demands Insurance Company. The society arises out of the question that each fashionable man and woman puts to himself or herself, "How much can I give without seeming shabby?" when asked to give money to objects for which they have no sympathy, but to which tradition or some sense of reciprocity obliges contribution. There are always restless people about getting up statues, testimonials, anniversary gifts, from silver dinner services down to quill pens, whom one wishes in Jericho, but are impossible to refuse. To thus lighten these needless burdens of life comes the Social Demands Insurance Company. According to a writer in the London Times, this society, on receipt of a subscription graduated according to the income and needs of the members, will transact for them the whole business on the cheapest possible scale. The society will not be afraid of being called shabby, having no corporeal delicacy of feeling. Members will merely send to the secretary each week their social begging lessons. The society, doing a ready money business, can easily buy in bankruptcy stocks of clocks, epergness, bric-a-brac, silver, books. Thus it will be able to furnish suitable presents at reduced prices. The subscription of a Duke to the Social Demands Insurance Company is put at $52.50, while a person of letters would not be charged more than $1.66. In this country the subscription of the rich men ranking with the English Dukes would be approximately $70, while writers would be proportionately charged not more than $2 a year. These sums, however, are initiation fees, and engage only the services of the society. Moneys paid out would have to be subsequently reimbursed.

Drifting Out.

Evermore we are drifting out with the ceaseless tide,
And we dream of a bound to the ocean—a home on the other side;
That somewhere there is a Gilead sweet with the healing balm,
And the storm may rage, but the rainbow is arched in the skies of calm.

Windeth the river weary, through forests no man hath trod,
Where the darkness is shut from the shining of the lamps in the windows of God;
But out from the gloom it flashes in the light of the day to be,
And mingles in lonely waters with the mother-tides of the sea.

We are not hopeless, homeless—wherever our feet may roam,
We are going like little children to the gates of a Father's home;
And though dark be the way and dreary, when life with its storms is past
We shall enter in at the portals and rest in the light at last!

—[Frank L. Stanton, in Atlanta Constitution.

"Love Me, Love My Dog."

The little bow-wow took an immense interest in me at first sight. He was such a poor and friendless creature, and it was such a cold and blustering night that I had not the heart to shut the door in his face, as he stood wagging his tail in the stream of light from the open hall and looking upon me appealingly, with big, innocent brown eyes, from under a silky fringe of hair that appeared to hint of Skye descent, though rather more than less remote.

Yes, he is certainly mongrel, this Artful Dodger of mine; perhaps if he had been of good honest Skye strain this tale could never have been told of him.

However, in he came with me that night and out he went with me the next evening, for the first of our mysterious walks abroad.

It was only round a couple of corners on an errand to the green grocer's about the morrow's list which had not properly been made up; but when I pulled my glove off at the home door to grapple the better with the difficulties of the latch-key, I felt a cold nose thrust into my hand—nay, more than a cold nose—an apple, which, so red and glossy as it was, I was quite sure my provident friend had selected from the very basket of apples I had just ordered home from under the green grocer's counter.

That was excusable enough, perhaps. But what followed day by day exhausted all my stock of apologies for my poor kleptomaniac.

For day by day there was something of my neighbors' goods laid at my door. One morning it would be a prime beefsteak fresh from the butcher's stall; another it would be a dainty handkerchief thrust into my hand as we walked together along Chestnut street. I soon learned to eschew the shopping quarter, however, when we two went out together. But my Artful Dodger was too much for me. One snowy day all the neighbors' doormats were piled up in our vestibule, and my poor little fellow crept out from among them, wagging his tail with a delighted consciousness of merit, as I mame up the steps.

Some Fagin had trained him; there was not a doubt of that. It was the part of a Christian moralist to reclaim him, not to turn him adrift in his evil ways, I argued. I seemed, however, to be the only Christian in the house; or indeed, in the whole block. I fancy they would have left my poor little fellow to go to bad altogether, in another neighborhood remote from theirs. But then he never looked up at them, with his big, innocent brown eyes brimming with love and trust, as he did at me.

"'Love me, love my dog,'" I said to Hugh one evening, as I stood with him in the vestibule, and the Artful Dodger whined so piteously on the other side of the closed door that I was obliged to let him out to walk with us. Then I could feel myself blush furiously, for though Cousin Hugh and I were—well, it is hard to say what we were; but this unlucky speech of mine was certainly the first word of love that had passed between us.

I was glad to go down on my knees to the little fellow leaping about me to escape the eyes of the big fellow standing over me, for I felt sure there was a laugh in them.

"When your dog is as honest as you are, Kitty," said Hugh, "I may perhaps begin to love him as"——

"As I do?" I answered, my dog and I springing down the steps together gayly. "I wouldn't advise you to; evil communications corrupt good manners, to quote still another proverb; and my Artful Dodger may teach me as much as I have failed in teaching him, poor boy!"

"At that rate, is as well I am taking you both to a poor quarter of the city," said Hugh. And indeed I felt that the dog might help to cheer the little crippled lad he was taking me to see.

It was not the first time Dr. Hugh had carried me off to see some patient of his. Elizabeth had a malicious way of hinting that he had me on probation as a model doctor's wife. But Cousin Hugh and I had been comrades ever since I could remember; and when I was out of reach of Elizabeth's sharp tongue there was seldom anything to remind me that we had not been boys together, instead of girl and boy.

The one step from the sublime to the ridiculous is a short one in my neighborhood, and we had taken it in a turn round the corner from the stately terraced street where was my home. The absurd little boxes in which the people here were housed might be an improvment on the great tenements of other cities, but to take them seriously as homes was rather difficult. "That one yonder is a mere geranium pot," said I, nodding with a gesture towards a tiny red bow-window filled with those great red and green plants.

Of course, there was "dressmaking" on the modest placard on the door; and equally, of course, there was the dressmaker's small, pale face at the window, where the florid round bunches of blossoms seemed to have drained all life and color from her.

"It is a case of Rappaccini's daughter reversed," I said. "Instead of giving her their bloom the flowers have taken all hers to themselves. I never see a big coarse hedge-row like that one without knowing that there a fading lily of a woman behind it stitching and stitching her heart out. Cannot you make an excuse, Dr. Hugh? Mistake the house, or some thing, and let us knock and see if our faded lily won't come out?"

But just then the door opened; the dressmasker was letting out a customer. Who or what that was I never heeded, for from where we stood over the way my dog had dashed across, up the low steps, and was fawning on the little woman in a transport of joy.

* * * * * * * * *

She did not stoop to meet those eager caresses; those sharp little canine cries of delighted secognition had no response. Only, as we came up, she made a hurried, groping movement for the handle of the door as if she would have shut it in our faces. Hugh was too quick for her. He stepped in across the threshold, where she stood leaning pale and quivering against the wall.

"We owe it to ourselves," he said, "to make some explanation. Of course the dog is yours."

She made a hasty motion of disclaimer; but Hugh went on:

"Of course the dog is yours; we have had him so long in our keeping because he was found one night last winter, and this lady kindly let him come indoors with her out of the bitter weather. But we have no idea of keeping the little fellow from you—unless, indeed, you would care to part with him"—

This last tentatively, for it had not escaped Hugh any more than it had me, that as between dog and mistress the affection was certainly all on one side. The little woman—girl she was rather—had retreated, sinking down on the steep box-stairs that almost filled up the tiny outry. The dog did not feel himself repulsed, as we did; but fell, dog-fashion, to kissing the worn hands with which she covered her face. It was in that same instant that we heard a child's cry. She let her hands fall together, the wedding ring flashing out on the worn finger, and then for the first time noticing me with a swift sign she led the way into the back room.

The baby was just waking in his cradle. She turned her white face round on us in the doorway, as she dropped down on her knees beside him. The dog went sniffing about the cradle, round and round, as if he could not understand, then stood irresolute, his brown eyes flashing inquiry from the woman to me.

"For the child's sake," she said. "For the child's sake"—

She caught her breath in a frightened, gasping way that brought the doctor in, Hugh to the fore.

"Steady," he said gently. "We are not here to hurt you, but to see what can be done for you."

She pointed to the dog. "Only take Dash away. Leave us two alone."

At the sound of his name the dog glanced round at her, but at her vehement repellent gesture he crept nearer to me, his tail between his legs.

"Poor Dash! My poor, poor, Artful Dodger!" I whispered, stooping to pat him. But Hugh was looking at the woman attentively. "I beg your pardon, but I think I have seen you before," he said.

She threw up her hands with a sharp cry. "I knew it! I knew that dog would ruin me!"

"Then you tried to lose him, to get rid of him?"

She made Hugh no answer, only looked at him half fearfully, half defiantly.

"Come, Kitty," he said to me, "since the dog's owner is willing to part with him we will take him home with us." He laid a couple of bills on the sewing-machine as he spoke, disregarding her gesture of refusal. "Otherwise we shall not feel that we have a right to keep the dog," he said. "And we will keep him; he shall never annoy you again, believe me." He bowed to her respectfully as we three went out, closing the door behind us, for she never moved from her knees beside the cradle.

* * * * * * * * *

Of course I asked Hugh what it all meant the moment we were out of ear-shot, and I am afraid I was not in a very amiable mood during the walk home, because he would not answer. The next day, however, he told me, for the next day he went back to the flower-pot of a house, and found the little dressmaker had lost herself to Dash again.

"And I hoping you would be here making your gowns, Kitty," he said ruefully. "That was the reason I thought I had better not tell you her story until you had gotten interested in the poor, young thing. But she has vanished without a clew; and—Do you remember cousin Catharine's writing to me here to look out for her house last Summer, while you were all out of town?"

"I remember mamma's being worried at hearing of so many burglaries in town of empty houses."

"Precisely. There was a gang, it was believed. At any rate, one of the burglars was traced to his home by means of his dog. He was not taken without obstinate resistance; he got a bad wound, and I was called in as the nearest doctor to stop the flow of blood before he could be removed. He had a pretty little house; a pretty little wife of his own, who, with a baby of a few weeks in her arms, shrank stricken with shame and horror in the furthest corner of the room. It seems she never had so much as dreamed of her husband's 'business,' which took him so often away from her at night. She appeared to shrink away from him as if he was an absolute stranger to her, as if he could not be the man she had known. What she might have done further I don't know for the fellow died of his wound.

"He tore the bandage off on the first opportunity and just bled his life away. People were interested in the poor young woman, and she would not have lacked kindness, but then, as now, she disappeared. There was a rumor that she was a shoplifter, so many incongruous things were found stored away in the little house. But I believe myself the Artful Dodger was responsible. He must have been trained unbeknown to her by that Fagin of a husband of hers. Now, what are we to do about your kleptomaniac, Kitty?"

I put my hand under the Artful Dodger's chin, and turned up his face, with its brown, innocent eyes.

"Love me, love my dog," I said again.

This time I had a right to say it. The right had been mine since yesterday.—[Philadelphia Times.

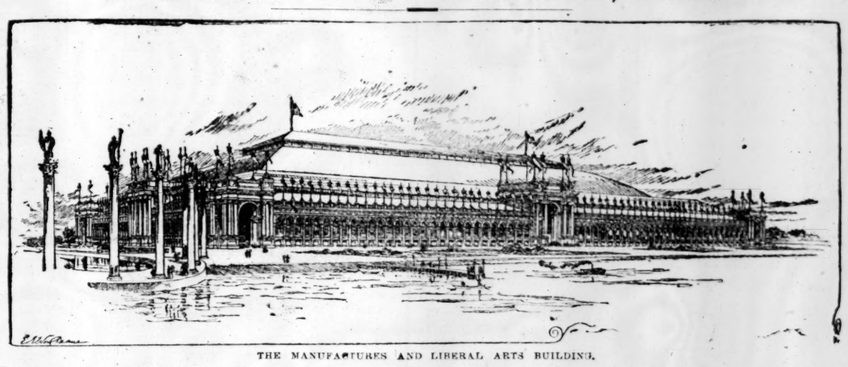
The Commercial Traveller.

In some respects the American commercial traveller is a potent influence. He carries with him the latest city chit-chat, and if he be a young man, perhaps the latest slang or the newest funny story. It has been said that a noted American after-dinner speaker depends largely on that classs for most of his humerous stories; at all events the commercial traveller has studied the art of pleasing, and he is a welcome figure at the dreary country hotels where he pauses for a little while in his rapid flight through the sections remote from the city influences. In some respects he is an oracle on mooted points, and his dictum on many phases of business or politics carries much welght. If, for instance, the commercial travellers of the country were unanimously to favor the repeal of the silver-purchase law and the passage of the proposed bankruptcy act, and were to back their opinions with common-sense arguments wherever they should go, it is hardly too much to say that in a short while the demand for the favored action would soon show itself strongly in all sections of the country. Shrewd politicians of national fame have in the recent past declared that popular opinion in the West upon public questions like the tariff has been largely affected by the commercial travellers who have past through that section, and there is a strong ground for such belief.—[Boston Advertiser.

Where Rats Are Prized as Scavengers.

A man from New Orleans says there is one peculiarity about that city which is never talked about. "It is," he saids "a city of rats. New Orleans is below the river bed and it is at all times low and damp. The city is not clean, and large wharf rats multiply in the business portion of the city in great numbers, and the pests swarm about in droves. The people of New Orleans contend that the rats are good scavengers and help to rid the city of refuse matter. I don't think there is a city in the world, not even New York or Paris, that has so many rats to the square mile as New Orleans.—[Albany Journal.

BUILDINGS AT THE WORLD'S COLUMBIAN FAIR, CHICAGO.



THE MANUFACTURES AND LIBERAL ARTS BUILDING.

Notable for its symmetrical proportions, the Manufactures and Liberal Arts Building is the mammoth structura of the World's Columbian Exposition at Chicago. It measures 1687 by 787 feet and covers nearly 31 acres, being the largest Exposition building ever constructed. Within the building a gallery 50 feet wide extends around all four sides, and projecting from this are 85 smaller galleries, 12 feet wide, from which visitors may survey the vast array of exhibits and the busy scene below. The galleries are approached upon the main floor by 30 great staircases, the flights of which are 12 feet wide each. "Columbia Aveuue," 5) feet wide, extends through the mammoth building longitudinally, and an avenue of like width crosses it at right angles at the center. The main roof is of iron and glass and arches an area 385 by 1400 feet, and has its ridge 150 feet from the ground. The building, including its galleries, has about 40 acres of floor space.

The Manufactures and Liberal Arts Building is in the Corinthian style of architecture, and in point of being severely classic excels nearly all of the other edifices. The long array of columns and arches, which its facades present, is relieved from monotony by very elaborate ornamentation. In this ornamentation female figures, symbolical of the various arts and sciences, play a conspicuous and very attractive part.

The exterior of the building is covered with "staff," which is treated to represent marble. The huge fluted columns and the immense arches are apparently of this beautiful material.

There are four great entrances, one in the center of each facade. These are designed in the manner of triumphal arches, the central archway of each being 40 feet wide and 80 feet high. Surmounting these portals is the great attic story ornamented with sculptured eagles 18 feet high, and on each side above the side arches are great panels with inscriptions, and the spandrils are filled with sculptured figures in bas-relief. At each corner of the main building are pavilions forming great arched entrances, which are designed in harmony with the great portals.

The building occupies a most conspicuous place in the grounds. It faces the lake, with only lawns and promenades between. North of it is the United States Government building, south the Harbor and in-jutting lagoon, and west the Electrical building and the lagoon separating it from the great island, which in part is wooded and in part reclaimed land with acres of bright flowers of varied hues.

THE AGRICULTURAL BUILDING.

One of the most magnificent structures raised for the Exposition is the Agricultural Building. The style of architecture is classic renaissance. This building is put up very near the shore of Lake Michigan, and is almost surrounded by the lagoons that lead into the Park from the lake. The building is 500x800 feet, its longest dimensions being east and west. For a single story building the design is bold and heroic. The general cornice line is 65 feet above grade. On either side of the main entrances are mammoth Corinthian pillars, 50 feet high and 5 feet in diameter. On each corner and from the center of the building pavilions are reared, the center one being 144 feet square. The corner pavilions are connected by curtains, forming a continuous arcade around the top of the building. The main entrance leads through an opening 64 feet wide into a vestibule, from which entrance is had to the rotunda, 100 feet in diameter. This is surmounted by a mammoth glass dome 130 feet high. All through the main vestibule statuary has been designed, illustrative of the agricultural industry. Similar designs are grouped about all of the grand entrances in the most elaborate manner. The corner pavilions are surmounted by domes 96 feet high, and above these tower groups of statuary. The design for these domes is that of three female figures, of herculean proportions, supporting a mammoth globe.

To the southward of the Agricultural Building is a spacious structure devoted chiefly to a Live Stock and Agricultural Assembly Hall. This building is conveniently near one of the stations of the elevated railway. On the first floor, near the main entrance of the building, is located a bureau of information. This floor also contains suitable committee and other rooms for the different live stock associations. On this floor there are also large and handsomely equipped main waiting rooms. Broad stairways lead from the first floor into the Assembly room, which has a seating capacity of about 1500. This Assembly room furnishes facilities for lectures, delivered by gentlemen eminent in their special fields of work, embracing every interest connected with live stock, agriculture and allied industries.

THE ART PALACE.

Grecian-Ionic in style, the Fine Arts Building is a pure type of the most refined classic architecture. The building is oblong, and is 500x320 feet, intersected north, east, south and west by a great nave and transept 100 feet wide and 170 feet high, at the intersection of which is a dome 60 feet in diameter. The building is 125 feet to the top of the dome, which is surmounted by a colossal statue of the type of famous figure of Winged Victory. The transept has a clear space through the centre of 60 feet, being lighted entirely from above.

On either side are galleries 20 feet wide and 24 feet above the floor. The collections of sculpture are displayed on the main floor of the nave and transept, and on the walls both of the ground floor and of the galleries are ample areas for displaying the paintings and sculptured panels in relief. The corners made by the crossing of the nave and transept are filled with small picture galleries.

Around the entire building are galleries 40 feet wide, forming a continuous promenade around the classic structure. Between the promenade and the naves are the smaller rooms devoted to private collections of paintings and the collections of the various art schools. On either side of the main building, and connected with it by handsome corridors, are very large annexes, which are also utilized by various art exhibits.

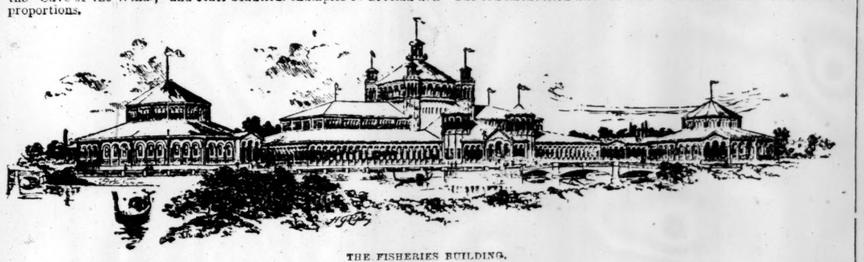
The main building is entered by four great portals, richly ornamented with architectural sculpture, and approached by broad flights of steps. The walls of the loggia of the colonnades are highly decorated with mural paintings, illustrating the history and progress of the arts. The friezes of the exterior walls and the pediments of the principal entrances are ornamented with sculptures and portraits in bas-relief of the masters of ancient art.

The general tone or color is light gray stone.

The construction, although of a temporary character, is necessarily fire-proof. The main walls are of solid brick, covered with "staff," architecturally ornamented, while the roof, floors and galleries are of iron.

All light is supplied through glass sky-lights in iron frames.

The building is located beautifully in the northern portion of the park, with the south front facing the lagoon. It is separated from the lagoon by beautiful terraces, ornamented with balustrades, with an immense flight of steps leading down from the main portal to the lagoon, where there is a landing for boats. The north front faces the wild lawn and the group of State buildings. The immediate neighborhood of the building is ornamented with groups of statues, replica ornaments of classic art, such as the Carnegie monument, the "Cave of the Winds," and other beautiful examples of Grecian art. The ornamentation also includes statues of heroic and lifesize proportions.



THE FISHERIES BUILDING.

The Fisheries Building embraces a large central structure with two smaller polygonal buildings connected with it on either end by arcades. The extreme length of the building is 1100 feet and the width 200 feet. It is located to the northward of the United States Government Building.

In the central portion is the general Fisheries exhibit. In one of the polygonal buildings is the Angling exhibit and in the other the Aquaria. The exterior of the building is Spanish-Romanesque, which contrasts agreeably in appearance with that of the other buildings.

To the close observer the exterior of the building cannot fail to be exceedingly interesting, for the architect, Henry Ives Cobb, exerted all his ingenuity in arranging innumerable forms of capitals, medallions, brackets, cornices and other ornamental details, using only fish and other sea forms for his motif of design. The roof of the building is of old Spanish tile, and the side walls of pleasing color. The cost is about $200,000.

In the center of the polygonal building is a rotunda 60 feet in diameter, in the middle of which is a basin or pool 26 feet wide, from which rises a towering mass of rocks, covered with moss and lichens. From clefts and crevices in the rocks crystal streams of water gush and drop to the masses of reeds, rushes and ornamental semi-aquatic plants in the basin below. In this pool gorgeous gold fishes, golden ides, golden tenca, and other fishes disport. From the rotunda one side of the larger series of Aquaria may be viewed. These are ten in number, and have a capacity of 7,000 to 27,000.

Passing out of the rotunda, a great corridor or arcade is reached, whereon one hand can be viewed the opposite side of the series of great tanks, and on the other a line of tanks somewhat smaller, ranging from 750 to 1500 gallons each in capacity. The corridor or arcade is about 15 feet wide. The glass fronts of the Aquaria are in length about 575 feet and have 4000 square feet of surface.

The total water capacity of the Aquaria exclusive of reservoirs, is 18,725 cubic feet, or about 140,000 gallons. This weighs 1,192,425 pounds, or almost 600 tons. Of this amount about 43,000 gallons is devoted to the Marine exhibit. In the entire salt-water circulation, including reservoirs, there are about 80,000 gallons. The pumping and distributing plant for the Marine Aquaria is constructed of vulcanite. The pumps are in duplicate, and each has a capacity of 3000 gallons per hour. The supply of sea water was secured by evaporating the necessary quantity at the Woods Holl station of the United States Fish Commission to about one-fifth its bulk, thus reducing both quantity and weight for transportation about 80 per cent. The fresh water required to restore it to its proper density was supplied from Lake Michigan.

A FEMALE ENGINEER.

Ida Hewitt to Pull the Throttle at the World's Fair.

Miss Ida Hewitt, who is said to be the only female locomotive engineer in the world, has been engaged by the Woman Commissioners of the World's Fair to run the first train over the grounds on the opening day of the Exposition. She will leave her home, Cairo, W. Va., for Chicago about a week before the opening day. She is a pretty girl, and during the first trip of the engine will wear the costume of a Spanish girl of the Fourteenth Century.

The road upon which Miss Hewitt is now running regularly is the Cairo and Little Kanawha and is a feeder for the Baltimore and Ohio at Cairo from the lumber districts. It is owned mostly by the girl's father, a man of wealth. Her calling does not seem to make her unwomanly. She is popular socially and is a model housekeeper.

A SCHOOLBOY TRAGEDY.

A German Lad Murders His Cousin and Then Kills Himself

In Honigfelde, near Stuhm, Germany, a schoolboy named Goertz and his cousin, Slavinski, quarrelled on their way to school the other morning. Goertz stabbed Slavinski to the heart with a pocket knife and dragged the body into the bushes behind the schoolhouse. He studied and recited as usual till noon, when one of the school children discovered Slavinski's body. Goertz then ran home, got a rope and hurried away to a forest near the village. The policeman who was sent to arrest him two hours later found the boy's dead body hanging from a tree.

FIFTY-SECOND CONGRESS.

In the Senate.

50TH DAY.—The Sundry Civil Appropriation bill having been taken up the vote was taken on the amendment retaining the laws for the supervision of Federal elections. It was agreed to. Yeas, twenty-seven; nays, twenty-four. Mr. Sherman's amendment authorizing the issue of three per cent. bonds was discussed, but no action was taken.——The Senate then on motion of Mr. Sherman, proceeded to executive business.

51ST DAY.—Immediately after the routine morning business the consideration of the Sundry Civil Appropriation bill was resumed—the pending question being Mr. Mills's amendment to the Sherman three per cent. bond issue amendment. The discussion finally closed, and the vote was taken. It was agreed to—yeas, thirty; nays, sixteen.

52D DAY.—The Senate spent the day on the Sundry Civil bill. Several ammendments making appropriations for public buildings were passed.

53D DAY.—William Lindsay, new Senator from the State of Kentucky in place of Mr. Carlisle, took the oath of office——The credentials of William V. Allen as Senator from the State of Nebraska from March 4th next in place of Mr. Paddock were placed on file——The consideration of the Sundry Civil Appropriation bill was then proceeded with.

54TH DAY.—Washington's farewell address was read——The Sundry Civil Appropriation bill was passed.

55TH DAY.—Within less than an hour two of the general appropriation bills—the Diplomatic and Consular and the Military Academy—were read, considered, and passed. There was no discussion on either of the bills——The Legislative, Executive, and Judicial Appropriation bill was then taken up.

In the House.

53D DAY.—The Pension Appropriation bill was passed——Consideration of the Railroad Coupler bill was postponed——The Postoffice Appropriation bill was taken up.

54TH DAY.—There was but one item in the Postoffice Appropriation bill which gave rise to any discussion, and that was the one making an appropriation of $196,000 for special facilities on trunk lines from Springfield, Mass., to New Orleans——The House proceeded to pay fitting tribute of respect to the memory of the late Representative John G. Warwick, of Ohio.

55TH DAY.—The New York and New Jersey Bridge bill and the Naval and Agricultural Appropriation bills passed.

56TH DAY.—Filibustering opposing the Car-Coupler bill consumed the day session and the House was kept in session into the night and adjourned at 6 o'clock a. m. without accomplishing anything.

57TH DAY.—The Indian Appropriation bill was passed——Mr. Hatch failed to call up the Anti-Option bill.

58TH DAY.—A bill was passed for the relief of George W. Jones, late United States Minister to New Grenada (now the United States of Columbia)——Mr. Herbert, Cleveland's selection for the navy portfolio, was cheered as he entered the House. His short speech in acknowledgment was greeted with long and loud applause, and then Mr. Herbert held a levee in the rear of hall——The conference report on the Army bill was then agreed to——The Indian Appropriation bill was taken up against a vain attempt to call up the Anti-Option bill.

JACKSON IS CONFIRMED.

The Senate Consents to His Elevation to the Supreme Bench.

JUDGE JACKSON.

The United States Senate confirmed the nomination of Judge Howell E. Jackson to be a Justice of the Supreme Court in the place of Justice Lamar, deceased.

If there was at any time a disposition on the part of the Democrats to oppose the confirmation of Judge Jackson to be an Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States, that opposition vanished when the Senate went into executive session. There was not even the formality of a vote. The executive journal was read, containing the nomination of Judge Jackson, which had previously been reported favorably, and when the President of the Senate said: "If there are no objections the nomination will stand confirmed," not a Senator opened his mouth. In this quiet way all the opposition disappeared, and Associate Justice Jackson will, as soon as convenient to him, qualify for the place to which he has been appointed by a Republican President. The injunction of secrecy was not removed from the proceedings.

CONGRESSMEN RESCUERS

In a Smash-Up Where Four Persons Were Killed.

The first section of the special train bearing President Harrison's party to New York to attend the naturalization of the steamship New York crashed into the middle of a Westchester local train at Thirty-second and Walnut streets, Philadelphia, Penn., killing four persons and injuring fifteen others.

The killed were: Mr. and Mrs. E. L. Mintzer Jr., Media, Penn.; the Rev. James Walker, Lenni, Penn.; Miss Marie R. Reed, Media, Penn.

The collision occurred just as the local train had started from South street station. The rear tracks cross at an acute angle, and the engine of the special struck the third car of the other train near the middle, cutting it in two. The car was filled with people coming to the city, most of them being women.

The Rev. James Walker was cut almost in two, E. L. Mintzer was completely decapitated, while his wife, sitting at his side, had the life crushed out of her. Miss Marie Reed was still alive when taken from the wreck, but died while being taken to the University Hospital.

The section of the express which ran into the local train was occupied by the Congressional delegation, President Harrison and the members of the Cabinet occupying the second section. Almost as soon as the crash occurred the Congressmen were out of their cars and doing excellent service in rescuing the people from the wreck. Foremost among the rescuers was Congressman John B. Robinson, from whose district all the people in the wrecked car came. His companions included Congressmen Payne, of New York; Dingley and Boutelle, of Maine; Durborrow, of Illinois; Bulknap, of Michigan; Cooper, of Indiana, and others.

The section bearing President Harrison and the Cabinet was held at Gray's Ferry, and the distinguished travelers alighted and viewed the wreck. After a detention of about an hour the tracks were cleared and the special continued on its way. Several versions of the cause of the collision were given.

MANY LIVES LOST.

Spanish Lead Miners Overcome by Poisonous Fumes.

A large number of lives have been lost owing to deadly gases in the Impensada lead mines, near Cartagena, Spain. The lead mines are situated at Almazarron, about twenty miles from Cartagena, and have been worked for centuries. The work has been pushed with energy recently, and it is claimed that sufficient precautions have not been taken to prevent fatalities.

Before the miners were aware of their danger they were prostrated by noxious fumes which spread throughout the workings, and of those who were overcome twenty-seven were reported dead from suffocation.

THE Chickamauga National Park Commissioners have offered $17,000 for eight acres of ground on Orchard Knob, Tennessee, where Generals Grant and Thomas stood and watched the battle of Missionary Ridge.

The North Carolinian.

Published Every Wednesday

For terms and advertising rates see first page.

Communications relative to and of the interest of the Albemarle District solicited.

ALWAYS KEPT ITS PLEDGES.

The Republican party has always kept its pledges. Its platforms were not made to *get* on but to STAND on The utterances of its Conventions are the statute law of the land. It pledged itself to save the Republic, and it saved it. It pledged itself to reconstruct the Union, while preserving every principle of the Declaration of Independence and eliminating the curse of slavery, and re-constructed it. It pledged itself to restore the National credit and place money upon a basis which would make it as good as the best currency in the world, and such it is to day. It pledged itself to repair the losses and devastations of civil war, to bring prosperity to the land, to provide the industries which should take care of the rising generation, and absorb the half a million of immigrants who come here every year, and the fulfilment of the pledge is evidenced in every hamlet and town and city in the country.

"BARGAIN AND CORRUPTION."

The Democratic St. Louis Republic is moved to say that under the circumstances, Cleveland's appointment of Gresham may be but a repitition of the mistake made by John Quincy Adams in appointing Henry Clay Secretary of State. The cry was that the support of the Whig, Clay, was bought for the Democrat, Adams, by the place in the Cabinet. Jackson's supporters tore their hair and yelled "Bargain and Corruption" with an their might, and so long as Clay remained in public life he was pursued by the charge that he had sold himself for office. The query is, will Gresham escape?

Everybody knows what the Governor of North Carolina said to the Governor of South Carolina, but who has heard what the Governor of Texas said to the Governor of Louisiana? "Governor, did you say which?" as he poured out the liquor. "Governor," was the reply, as the glass began to run over, "in the bright lexicon of Louisiana there is no such word as 'when.'"

It is pretty well known that a large number of tobacco growers gave no heed to the party that helped them, but voted the Democratic ticket. They have since realized their mistake, and are making earnest efforts to undo what they have done. The price of tobacco leaf has fallen since the election from 5 to 3 cents per pound, and this directly appeals to results.

The Democrats of the country at large have long regarded the New York Sun with something akin to suspicion, but now have another chain in the evidence against it. The great and good man at its helm appears to be devoting his energies to compelling the party to fulfill its pledges, which will kill it dead in six months if accomplished.

The farmers of Texas are well off this year, and they have prospered beyond the expectation of themselves and of all those who knew of the situation a year ago. Yielding somewhat to the logic of overproduction, they planted a little less cotton and a little more corn,

Senator Voorhees' public declaration that President Harrison's foreign policy would pass into history and challenge the admiration of the world as one of the highest compliments ever paid to an outgoing President by one of his most distinguished political opponents.

The General Assembly has enacted that the State have a motto—"*Esse Quam Videri*"—To Be rather than to Seem. The motto is to appear at the bottom of the Coat of Arms, and the following date at the top—"May 20, 1775."

If the next Postmaster General will invent a postage stamp that you can "stick without a lick," he will win for himself more fame than all the rest of the members of the Cabinet put together.

The nearer you can get to full blood in breeding the more certain you are of securing good results. It is in this is found the advantage of breeding higher grade dams to full blooded sires.

President Harrison has nominated Benton Hanchett, of Michigan, as Judge of the Sixth Circuit, to succeed Judge Jackson. He is a very able lawyer and is well fitted for a judicial post.

The State public printing has assumed the shape almost of a scandal—at least two of the Democratic "organs" at the Capitol so intimate. It is believed that a lawsuit will result.

The Boston Journal says that Carl Schurz and Wayne McVeagh are like Mordecais at the gate.

GRESHAM.

That Judge Gresham had a right to accept a place in Cleveland's Cabinet is admitted; but its proffer to him will be inevitably looked upon as of the same nature as the payment of thirty pieces of silver some nineteen centuries ago.

Judge Gresham was an aspirant for the Presidential nomination of the Republican party in 1884, again in 1888, and yet again in 1892. Not until the Minneapolis Convention was over did any one hear from him any objection to the policy or platform of that party. He coquetted with the Populists, and there is no doubt he carefully considered the advisability of accepting their Presidential nomination. He declined it, however, probably because he saw that the party could not elect him.

The next that was heard of the Judge was that he was supporting Cleveland, on the alleged ground that he was dissatisfied with the tariff policy of the Republican party. That reason came too late. He should have assigned it in 1888, or at least before the Minneapolis Convention. Had that body nominated him for the Presidency, does any one imagine he would not have accepted?

THE FARMERS' HOPE.

Secretary Rusk gives it as his opinion that the time is nearing when the only hope of the American farmer will be his BRAINS. The sharp competition between sections and countries, which will be induced by increased facilities for transportation will stir the agriculturist up to his best efforts. His chances for money-making will be greater, but he will have to be prepared to fight the battle of competition for them. He must be sufficiently well educated in science, as far as it is applicable to agriculture, and he must be intelligent enough to study his surroundings and to apply his knowledge to the conditions about him.

NEAR ITS END.

The Legislature is nearing its close and the people will feel easier. While there are a few good and able men in both branches, the majority have shown themselves to be extreme partisans and the legislation enacted has been barren so far as the interests of the people are concerned. The labor of the entire session has seemed to be controlled by a resolve to perpetuate power and have the salaries of the offices flow into the pockets of Democratic bosses.

From March, 1885, to March, 1889, Mr. Cleveland and his friends could hold office, but could not make laws. Now the responsibility is upon them, and they begin to quarrel at once.

Gen. Lew Wallace says the appointment of Gresham is "like putting live coals and boiling oil on the bald head of the Democratic party."

The Legislature.

Still a flood of new bills. Night sessions are being held. Over 1200 bills and resolutions have been introduced. Think of that! Among the general laws enacted are: An act to protect owners of live stock from the depredations of thieves; an act requiring railroad companies to render annual reports to the Governor of the operations for the year; an act to provide for the supervision of railroads, steamboats or canal companies, express and telegraph companies doing business in the State; an act to establish a Normal School for the colored race at Durham, to be established by the board of education, five acres to be donated and $9,000 contributed by the citizens of Durham, and when established $1,300 to be paid by the State in aid of the support of the school; an act making an annual appropriation of $40,000, and of $5,000 for repairs to the Institution for the Deaf and Blind; an act appropriating $12,500 annually to the white girls' Normal and Industrial School at Greensboro, and to pay its debt of $9,000; an act to give the State University $20,000 a year for maintenance, and $10,000 a year for repairs and improvements of the buildings; an act appropriating $10,000 to the Confederate monument, it to be in Capitol Square and be of North Carolina granite.

The New Cabinet.

Walter Q. Gresham, of Illinois, Secretary of State.
John G. Carlisle, of Kentucky, Secretary of the Treasury.
Daniel S. Lamont, of New York, Secretary of War.
Hilary A. Herbert, of Alabama, Secretary of the Navy.
Hoke Smith, of Georgia, Secretary of the Interior.
J. Sterling Morton, of Nebraska, Secretary of Agriculture.
Wilson S. Bissel, of New York, Postmaster General.
Richard W. Olney, of Massachusetts, Attorney General.

With a record like Simmons Liver Regulator all should use it for the liver, kidneys and bowels.

Now What Does this Mean?

Louisville Courier Journal.

"Hurrah for Cleveland, Gresham and Carlisle, a wet sheet and a flowing sea and a wind that follows fast!"

Do not waste your time on doctors when your liver is diseased. Take Simmons Liver Regulator.

The Charlotte Observer says the 3 year old son of Mr. John Hock, of Davidson, was bitten in three places Saturday by a mad dog. He was brought to Charlotte to have the mad stone applied. The stone stuck to each of the wounds. The dog that bit the boy was a very small size.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

[From our Regular Correspondent.]

WASHINGTON, Feb. 24 1893.

The President is by no means alone in the belief that the existence of a combination of bankers and others, 'international its membership, formed for the express purpose of compelling a new issue of bonds, presents a problem of grave importance, not only to the present administration, but to all future administrations. If this combination can by creating an artificial demand for gold compel an issue of bonds to the extent of $50,000,000, what is to prevent the same tactics resulting in an issue of as many billions? The President believes that if the members of this combination are at once convinced that no bonds will be issued the unusual and uncalled for demand for gold will cease as suddenly as it began, and for that reason he is unalterably opposed to issuing bonds.

Secretary John W. Foster officially retired from the Cabinet yesterday and to-morrow he will sail for Europe to take charge of the United States before the Behring Sea tribunal. The vacancy will probably not be filled, as Assistant Secretary of State Wharton prefers to act as Secretary while retaining the present position.

From the best information obtainable nothing will be gained by electing another Senator in Kansas, as Martin, the Democrat-Populist, has already secured the promise of being seated as soon as the Democrats take charge of the Senate, from Gordon and Brice, the twin bosses who engineered his election.

Senator German could a tale unfold, if so disposed, that would explain why W. N. Roach, a Democrat, was elected to the Senate by the Republican legislature of North Dakota. It was the direct result of plans made by Gorman some time ago, when Senator Brice and he formed a combination of brains and cash for the purpose of making sure that the Senate of the Fifty-third Congress would be safely Democratic. Well, there is no longer any doubt, the Senate will be reorganized by the Democrats, presumably, as soon as it meets in extra session on the 4th of March. The man elected to the Senate by the North Dakota legislature has other disqualifications besides being a Democrats. He is well known in Washington, where he was for some years cashier of a national bank, but his manner of leaving here was not calculated to cause those who knew him to expect Senatorial or any other sort of honors for him. He was a defaulter to the bank to a very large amount, and if his wife's rich father had not made the money good—somewhere between $50,000 and $75,000 it was said at the time—Mr. Roach might be serving a term in prison instead of the Senate. Mr. Roach may have lived beyond reproach since he left Washington, but as a matter of right and justice Republicans have a right to know what is here told, without malice, of the man elected Senator by Republican votes. A Republican Senator, speaking of the matter, said: "There are some defaulters in that legislature too."

Senator Palmer, of Illinois, gave the anti-soldier Democrats a pain in their lower regions when he said in the Senate that he did not believe that any political party would ever refuse to make proper appropriations for pensions, or that the next administration would have any new policy on that subject.

The first annual convention of the Bimetallic League of America, formed to secure free coinage legislation, is now in session here. All of the big populists, including Mrs Lease, are present, consequently talk is plentiful.

There are now seventy inmates in the Soldiers' Home at Raleigh.

Difficult to Get Along With.

Press.

A gentleman who served with Gresham in the Arthur Cabinet says: "Judge Gresham is a difficult man to get along with. He is obstinate and cranky and fond of having his own way. Mr. Cleveland presides over his Cabinet with the air of a schoolmaster. He treats the members of his official family as though they were a lot of school boys. Another peculiarity of Mr. Cleveland's is to address his Cabinet advisers by their Christian names, Mr. Bayard, for instance, had acquired a national reputation in the United States Senate before Mr. Cleveland was elected Sheriff of Erie county, and yet after his first Cabinet meeting Mr. Cleveland always addressed him as "Tom" and Mr. Bayard grew smaller and smaller every day.

To enjoy life stimulate digestion and and regulate the bewels. Take Simmons Liver Regulator.

Do You Remember?

Caucasian.

Dear voter—Democratic voter—do you remember the men who come around during the last campaign and cooingly and patheticaliy begged you to come to the rescue and vote one more time to save the grand old party? Every one of them scrambling for an office. No wonder they begged. They were hungering for the spoils. What have you gotten? Nothing so far. Will you get anything? We will see. Now is a good time for you to cultivate a reflective frame of mind.

Health is wealth. Take Simmons Liver Regulator for all sickness caused by diseased liver.

The Statate Railroad Commission issued an order that whenever a message is sent over two or more telegraph lines owned, controlled and operated by separate and distinct corporations or individuals the joint rate shall not exceed 40 cents for such message of ten body words between any two points within the limits of this State nor more than three cents for each additional word.

Delays are dangerous. Take Simmons Liver Regulator in time for dyspepsia, biliousness, and all diseases of the liver.

Not Encouraging Precedents.

Indianapolis Journal.

Two great men, within the present generation, have turned their backs upon the party in which they became distinguished and by which they were honored, to achieve the presidency—Salmon P. Chase and Horace Greely. The outcome in both case is not known to all. Judge Chase was ignored by the leaders of the party to which he made a bid for the Democratic nomination after being in antagonism with his natural party for a time. He died an unhappy man, after sacrificing to his ambition the reputation he had won as a Republican. Horace Greely turned against his own party because, at heart, he desired the highest official honors, not content with the laurels he had won as an editor. He received the Democratic nomination, but lost the Democratic vote, the election and the admiration of hundreds of thousands of the men he educated to be Republicans. He died a broken hearted man. Judge Gresham is not a great man, as were Chase and Greely, still their example might prove a warning to him. He was anxious to obtain the Republican nomination for the presidency in 1888 upon the most outand out protection platform ever put forth. He nominally disagreed with his party in 1892 and voted for Mr. Cleveland but still claimed to be a Republican. Whatever motives may have led Judge Gresham to change parties so suddenly, the mass of people in both parties believe that he did so to secure the Democratic nomination for President in 1896. Walter Q. Gresham is a man several sizes smaller than either Salmon P. Chase or Horace Greeley, is it probable that he can achieve the presidency by changing parties when the country believe that he changed for that purpose?

Abraham Lincoln.

Chicago Tribune.

He has become the typical American and the people's ideal all over the broad land. They cherish his memory with a love and enthusiasm they give to no other American, not even Washington. This sentiment grows stronger each year, and as time goes on his life and his service to the country will come to be more and more clear, and his simple, strong character, his faith in the people, and his patriotism to be universally appreciated. Even Southern animosity is dying out. That section is fast appreciating the noble character of the representative of the plain people and will yet join the North in the request that his birthday shall be made a national holiday, and that each recurring February shall illustrate to the rising generations the traits of character of the great Illinoisan as well as the great Virginian.

Cold and cough, assuming the shape of common cold, hay fever, influenza, and a variety of other distinctive forms, are of world-wide prevalence, affecting not only the entire human family, but also extending, to the beasts of the field. When they first make their appearance under whatever guise or name, Dr Bull's Cough Syrup, the unfailing Cough cure, should be promptly administered

Pronounced Hopeless, Yet Saved.

From a letter written by Mrs Ada E. Hurd, of Groton, S. D., we quote "I was taken with a bad cold, which settled on my lungs, cough set in and finally terminated in consumption. Four doctors gave me up, saying I could live but a short time. I gave myself up to my Saviour, determined if I could not stay with my friends on earth, I would meet my absent ones above. My husband was advised to get Dr King's New Discovery for consumption, coughs and colds. I gave it a trial, took in all eight bottles; it has cured me, and thank God, I am now a well and a hearty woman." Trial bottles free at Alex Wadsworth's drug store; regular size 50c and $1.

The Will be Heard From.

Baltimore American,

The Democrats will have the Senate, but there will be enough Republicans there to make the proceedings interesting and valuable to all concerned.

Reply to a Letter.

NEW YORK, January 30, 1893.

DEAR SIR:—Your letter came duly to hand, saying that you would like to solicit shad for me at 50 cents per box, I to furnish stencils &c. In reply would say that 50 cents seems a very small amount, and when fish are bringing a good price most any Commission man could work that amount out of a box of shad and the shipper never be the wiser; but this is not my way of doing business; therefore I most respectfully decline your offer. Often times, in the latter part of the season when fish are very cheap, my commission will not amount to 50 cents a box, and surely the fish cannot stand having anything taken off then, and if I pay a man 50 cents for getting me the box where do I come in for my commission to pay me for my work I have heard of dealers who pay the price you ask, and I have no doubt you can find those who will engage you at your figures, but hardly any *first-class* house would or does do this kind of business, for if he attends to his bnsiness and does the very best he can by his shippers, he will get all the fish he wants to handle. Again declining your offer and thanking you for the interest you have taken in my behalf, I remain very respectfully yours,

A. W. HAFF,
12 Fulton Market

NEW FURNITURE STORE

—0-0—

We have opened a large first-class Furniture Store in the room recently occupied by J. Y. Old & son, on Water street We have a large and nicely selected stock of all kinds of

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—AND—
FURNISHING GOODS

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SALVATION OIL

Price only 25 Cts. Sold by all dealers.

Positively cures Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Swellings, Bruises, Lumbago, Sprains, Headache, Toothache, Burns, Cuts, Wounds, Scalds, Backache, etc.

CHEW LANGE'S PLUGS, The Great Tobacco Antidote!—Price 10 Cts. At all druggists.

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North Carolina Shad a specialty Stationery and Stencils furnished on application.

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☞ Promptness Our Motto. ☜

JNO. POWELL'S SON & CO.,

Wholesale Commission Dealers and Shippers of all kinds of
FRESH FISH,

LOBSTERS, TARRAPIN, GREEN TURTLE, &c.,
No. 8 Fulton Wholesale Fish Market,
New York.
Consignments solicited. Prompt returns. Established Fifty years. Letters answered.

S. L. STORER & CO.

Wholesale Commission Dealers and Shippers of all kinds of
Fresh Fish,

Lobsters, Turtle, &c

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NEW YORK.
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DAVENPORT & MORRIS.

WHOLESALE GROCERS, COMMISSION MERCHTS

And Dealers in Fish
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Consignments of North Carolina Herring solicited, and proceeds remitted in cash On account of our intimate acquaintance and frequent transactions with the Grocery trade of the West and South we are able to handle North Caroina Fish to the very best possible advantage, and we are known everywhere as the largest distributors in this market.

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Fine Watches
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go to *LOUIS SELIG*, the Jeweler, on Water street.

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Will keep constantly on hand a fine line of Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Solid Silver and Plated Ware, &c. Any article not in stock will be furnished on short notice at reduced price. I guarantee to sell any article in my line as cheap, if not cheaper, than can be bought in any first-class establishment in the Northern cities. All goods guaranteed as represented upon forfeit of double price paid.

SPECIAL ATTENTION PAID TO REPAIRING, and all work guaranteed for twelve months.

SEE SIGN BIG WATCH

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Elizabeth City, N. C,
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Incorporation Notice.

North Carolina, } In the Superior Court
Dare County. }

NOTICE is hereby given that articles of incorporation of the Albemarle and Pamlico Cruising and Hunting Association having been filed and recorded in the Clerk's office of the Superior Court in the county aforesaid, and the said association having complied with sections 677 and 678, chapter 16, vol, 1, of the Code of North Carolina, have been declared, under authority of section 679 of the Code of North Carolina, "The Albemarle and Pamlico Cruising and Hunting Association." The articles of agreement being (in substance) as follows:

The undersigned, of full age and citizens of the United States, being desirous of associating themselves into a private corporation, pursuant to the laws of the State of North Carolina, do certify as follows:

1. That the name of said incorporators are as follows: Herbert A. Weeks, Edward F. Weeks and James H. Kidd.

2. The said private corporation shall be known by the name of "Albemarle and Pamlico Cruising and Hunting Association" and its principal office is to be located at Manteo, Dare county, and State of North Carolina, and its general purposes are to do cruising in steam and sailing vessels for pleasure and profit.

3. The amount of capital stock shall be eight thousand $(8,000) dollars, and the number of shares into which it is divided is twenty at a par value of four hundred ($400) dollars for each share.

4. The said incorporators, viz: Herbert A. Weeks, Edward F. Weeks and James H. Kidd will each own two shares of said stock upon the incorporation of said Association, they having subscribed and paid for the same.

5. The principal officers shall be a President, Vice President, Secretary and Treasurer, who shall also constitute the board of trustees.

6. The officers aforesaid shall be elected annually by ballot at the annual meeting designated by the by-laws, by a majority vote of said share-holders, in person or by proxy, and each share of stock shall be entitled to one single vote.

7. The annual meeting for election of officers and all matters and things relating to or affecting special meetings, vacancies, resignations, and rules and regulations affecting the government and social conduct of said club or association, shall be regulated by the by-laws adopted by a majority vote of said share-holders. The first annual meeting of said association shall be called on the second Wednesday of April 1893, and annually thereafter.

8. The said stockholders of the corporation shall not be individually liable for its debts.

9. The term of existence of said corporation is to be thirty years.

In witness whereof I here unto set my hand and the seal of the Superior Court of Dare County, this the 6th day of January 1893.

JOHN W. EVANS,
Seal. Clerk Superior Court,
Dare County, N. C

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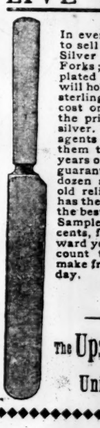

In every town in each state to sell our Solid Columbian Silver Table Knives and Forks; these goods are not plated goods but solid, and will hold their color equal to sterling silver goods and will cost only about one-quarter the prices of solid sterling silver. The goods are sold by agents only and we warrant them to stand the test of years or refund the money, a guarantee will go with each dozen and backed up by an old reliable company which has the reputation of making the best goods on the market. Samples sent on reciept of 25 cents, for which we will forward you our prices and discount to agents. Agents make from 10 to 25 dollars per day.

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W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE FOR GENTLEMEN.

And other specialties for Gentlemen, Ladies, Boys and Misses are the

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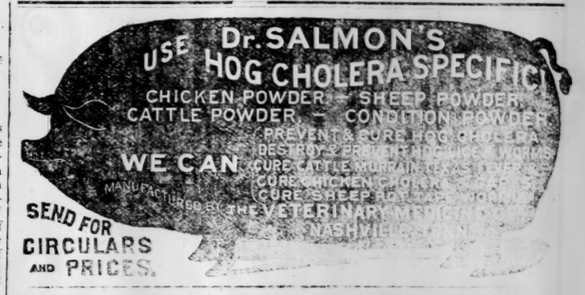
Mills at Shiloh. Tar River. For Prices and Terms write to E. V. ZOELLER, Secretary and Treasurer.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is a choice blend of fine, high-grade Chinese Tea. Put up in attractive and original packages and packed in handsome counter display boxes of six pounds each (either size); is only sold in packages, at a reasonable and much lower price to the consumer than any other package tea on the market of any merit whatever and affords the dealer a fair profit; is a thoroughly reliable, first-class article, absolutely pure, always the same; free from dust.

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will find the Five and Ten Cent packages the cheapest and most salable package tea on the market and consumers pronounce it "the best and most economical." Kin-Go Tea is convenient to handle, easy to sell and has proved a big success wherever introduced.

We are extremely anxious to have all dealers stock this tea, and earnestly request that you include a few boxes with your next order to your wholesale house; or order direct of us, we will see that you are supplied. For further information address

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all Feverish conditions. When used promptly, in the first stages, will prevent Malarial Fever, Typhoid Fever, Yellow Fever, and quickly relieves all serious conditions in Hay Fever, Measles, Scarlet Fever and Diphtheria.

Guaranteed to Break up Chills and Fever, Ague Colds and LaGrippe at once. No Bad Effects.

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THE STEAM produced by the process of cooking cannot escape, is absorbed by the article in the roaster, and acts as a basting. There is no evaporation, no drying up or burning, hence no shrinkage or loss of weight, and all the flavor and nutritious qualities of the food are retained. Tough meats are made tender, and any article roasted or baked will be sweeter, healthier and more digestible. Put the food in the roaster, place the roaster in a well heated oven; the roaster will do the cooking. It requires no attention. Can only be bought from dealers, the trade supplied by:

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SOUTH PITTSBURGH, TENN.

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The greatest economy of ice. The lowest average temperature.
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SYMPTOMS OF LIVER DISEASE:

Loss of appetite; bad breath; bad taste in the mouth; tongue coated; pain under the shoulder blade; in the back or side—often mistaken for rheumatism; sour stomach and water-brash; Indigestion and costive by turns; dull, heavy sensation; with sensation of having left undone which ought to have been done; fitfulness after eating; bad dreams; tired feeling; yellow appearance in skin and eyes; dizziness, etc.

Not always some of these indications of action of the Liver. For

A Safe, Reliable Remedy

that can do no harm and has never been known to fail to do good,

Take Simmons Liver Regulator

AN INTELLECTUAL SPECIFIC FOR—

Malaria, Bowel Complaint, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Constipation, Biliousness, Kidney Affections, Jaundice, Mental Depression, Colic.

A PHYSICIAN'S OPINION.

I have been practicing medicine for twenty years, and never been able to put up a vegetable compound that would, like Simmons Liver Regulator, promptly and effectually move the liver action, and at the same time aid (instead of clogging) the digestive and assimilative system."

L. M. HESTON, M. D., Washington, Ark.

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Have our Z Stamp in red on front of wrapper.

J. H. Zeilin & Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

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THE CITY.

...Commissioners—...Cobb, C. W. Overman, W. G. Underwood, ...wood, Treasurer—G. ...Constable and Collector—... Sparrow, Attorney—W. J. ...Commissioner—Monroe ...Collectors—C. E. Kramer, ...Scott Bell.

Collector of Customs—Palemon John ...C. Guirkin.

Examining Surgeons of Pensions—Drs. J. B. Flora, W. W. Griggs and W. J. ...Meet on the 1st and 3rd Wednesday ...corner of Road and Church streets.

CHURCHES.

...Rev. J. W. Still, Pastor, ...S. Blackwell, Pastor, ...Rev. L. L. Williams, Rector. ...Rev. F. H. Johnston, Pastor. ...Rev. M P. Hawkins, Pastor. Second Sunday—Elder ...Olive Branch—Elder ...Pastor.

LODGES.

Masonic, Eureka Lodge, No. 317—Dr. ...W. Griggs, W. M., D. B. Bradford ...and S. S. Ward, Treasurer.

Odd Fellows, Albemarle Lodge, No. 14—... meets ... H. D. Hill, Sec'y, J. F. Sanders, Treasurer,

Royal Arcanum, Pasquotank Council, ...meets ... ...ent T. ...Underwood, Secretary; ...oodley, ...; W. C. ...Sentry; ...L. Kramer,

American Legion of Honor J. D. Fulcher, Commander; Zenas Fearing, Secretary; W. W. Bell, Treasurer.

Knights of Honor—John H. Engle, Dictator; J. H. Burgess, Reporter; J. P. Overman, Treasurer.

Benevolent Fraternity—J. F. Sanders, President; C. E. Kramer, Recording Secretary; C. A. Banks, Financial Secretary; T. B. Wilson, Treasurer.

THE COUNTY.

Commissioners—G. M. Scott, Chairman; Elihu Perry, Enoch Whitehurst, Rains Scott, M. W. Burgess. Sheriff, Thos. P. Wilcox. Superior Court Clerk, John F. Sanders. Register of Deeds, M. B. Culpepper. Treasurer, Thos. S. Morris. Coroner, ... Griffin, ... Beasley, jr., and N. E. Jones. Superintendent Public Instruction, S. L. Sheep

—MISCELLANEOUS.—

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DEALER IN COAL

COAL OF ALL SIZES AND OF BEST QUALITY CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

All Orders Filled Promptly.

All coal as represented in weight, the best, lowest prices guaranteed.

Office on Water street, Elizabeth City, N. C

The North Carolinian.

Wednesday. March 1, 1893.

☞ The first day of Spring.

☞ The weather still unsettled.

☞ The farmers are planting potatoes

☞ The fishermen are all actively at work,

☞ The bulk of the corn-crop in this section remains unsold.

☞ Judge J. G. Bynum, of Morganton, will hold Court at Currituck next week.

☞ Another charming poem from an occasional contributor appears in this week's CAROLINIAN.

☞ Senator Abbott has introduced a bill to incorporate the Elizabeth City and Pasquotank Railroad Co.

☞ A bill has passed the Legislature authorizing the Commissioners of Currituck county to levy a special tax to repair the Court House.

☞ The editor of the CAROLINIAN has opinions in regard to public questions based on clear and well defined convictions, and he does not hesitate, on proper occasion, to express them. This is in answer to one who will understand it.

☞ Mr. Jame C. Brooks, the new Deputy Collector of Customs, takes charge to-day. "To the victors belong the spoils." For the present, the Office will be kept in the second story, front room, of the CAROLINIAN Building.

☞ Mr. M. H. White, of Hertford, took in a liberal share of the shekels at the Newberne races last week. His gelding "Castile" was a winner in the running races, and "Tony" and "Mary Spelman" won in other races, "Matt" generally "gets there."

☞ On and after to-day the Norfolk & Southern Railroad will run two daily trains to and from Norfolk. Round trip tickets on the morning trains will be sold at the same special rates as has been charged on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday. The Company will also extend its Steamboat service on Pamlico River to Washington, N. C.

☞ The Berkley "Graphic" thinks the editor of the CAROLINIAN must be a very conscientious man in declining to hold office under an Administration he might feel it his duty, as a Republican journalist, to criticise. While he endeavors to heed the monitions of the seldom erring monitor, he is too proud a man not to respect the dignified proprieties, and so he felt impelled to "step down and out." And that is all there is about it.

☞ Mr. Charles C. Price and Mrs Lorana G. Underwood, relict of the late Dr. Wm. Underwood, both of this place, were married on Thursday morning, Rev. Dr. F. H. Johnston, of the Presbyterian Church, performing the ceremony. They left on the early train on a bridal trip to Florida. Having enjoyed the acquaintence and friendship of both bride and groom from boyhood, the editor of the CAROLINIAN sincerely wishes them cups brimful of conjugal happiness,

☞ In reply to several inquiries, the CAROLINIAN has this to say: The rule acted on by the two last Administrations in regard to the offices will without doubt, be adopted and adhered to by the incoming one. Except for sufficient cause, the Presidential appointees for Postmasters and Collectors will not be disturbed until their four years terms expire. As for the smaller postoffices and other places, changes may be expected as soon and fast as they are asked for and can be acted on. In the Life Saving and Light House Service there will be no changes except for cause, resignation or death.

☞ To two classes of our local Democrats—the old regular straight-outs, and those after the offices—the outlook isn't at all satisfactory. The tatter are somewhat reticent and guarded in the expression of opinion about Cleveland and his course, wear a sickly smile—not exactly kicking, but by no means cheerful; the other express their disgust at the situation with considerable freedom bordering on profane garrulity. They seem a disappointed rather than a victorious party—one in a condition of bewilderment in which a distinguished member of their party found himself when he asked "Where was I at?" They do not seem to know where they were at before the election, nor what they got by carrying it. To the serene lookers on it is getting to be interesting.

☞ You can't make a hog see a hole when he doesn't want to.

☞ Keep rubbish away from the trees or mice will be almost sure to get to gnawing them.

—You risk nothing in buying of Robinson & Co. All goods are warranted.

☞ Those who are hunting for faults belonging to others never lose any of their own.

—FOUND! The greatest Bargain store in town at Robinson & Co.'s

☞ God made the flowers for the sunshine to play with, as well as the lovers of the beautiful to enjoy.

.....Try Robinson & Co.'s French Peas, California Peaches, Cherries, Apricotts and Pears.

☞ People who are always looking for work are generally really searching for "soft snaps" that they do not deserve.

—Our store is all Stove Up; that is to say we've got our stoves up for inspection in such quantity that they fill one side of our store. Robinson & Co.

☞ Nothing makes more noise than the Democratic pig under the gate unless perchance it is the Mugmump pig in the granary.

—BEFORE YOU TRAVEL call upon M. B. Culpepper, Ticket Agent, Elizabeth City, N. C., or address Arthur G. Lewis, Passenger and Ticket Agent, Baltimore & Ohio Railroad, 76 Main street, Norfolk Va.

☞ "Come, gentle Spring, ethereal mildness," get a hump on yourself, please. A promptness equal to this year's performance by heary winter is what we need.

—A nice assortment of fine black dress goods at reduced prices at Fowler & Co.'s If you can't call and examine send for samples.

☞ The extraordinary high prices obtained for eggs during the present winter ought to convince farmers that there is money in poultry if the business is conducted properly with a view to results.

—Ladies and Misses Newmarkets, $2.50 each at Fowler & Co.'s. They were carried over from last year and must be sold. Also a lot of children's cloaks, size from from four to six years; from $1.25 up.

—THE ROYAL BLUE LINE is the finest and fastest Railroad in the world. Address Arthur G. Lewis, Passenger and Ticket Agent, Norfolk, Va., or apply to M. B. Culpepper, Elizabeth City, N. C., for lowest rates to all points.

☞ Hard work and economy alone will not make the farmer get ahead in the world. Knowledge is power, in agriculture as in every other occupation. Farmers sharpen their intellects by reading. They get new ideas, learn all about new methods and improvements in their calling, and the literary part of their reading makes them better writers and talkers—something greatly to be desired in this age, when our farmers are coming to the front in public affairs.

—A lot of boys suits at $1.25 a suit and a few boys overcoats at $1.25 each a Fowler & Co.'s to close, also a lot of broken sizes in men's suits that will be sold at cut price.

PHOTOGRAPHS. Mr. Viggo Lund, in charge of ENGLE'S PICTURE GALLERY, on Water street, is prepared to take all kind of Pictures in the latest and best styles. Call and examine specimens and get price

☞ What a good thing it is that people can't hear what is said of them behind their backs. If they could, they would get a very false notion of themselves, besides a distrust of and a dislike for their nearest friends. One day they would go about aglow with self-esteem, the next bowed down with a sense of failure and apprehension. The question comes up, how far does loyalty permit us to discuss the failures of our friends? If we took the highest ground perhaps we would say that all the faults of our friends should be sacred to us and kept in our own bosoms because the only person who can be benefited by our discussion of them is the one afflicted. Certainly he would not be likely to correct his failings if he should hear they had been brought, not to him directly, or betterment, but before a tribunal of outsiders. But while we live in this world, no topic is so interesting as PEOPLE, and if what we say of them is to be merely adulatory there will be much less zest in our conversation. We look at a portrait and we want to know what grief or what experience carved that line across the forehead, set that mark on the cheek, those shadows beneath the eyes. So with our friends their eccentricities, their prejudices, their peculiarities excite comment; it may be kindly comment, and yet it is not comment we would wish them, perhaps, to hear if they were behind a screen in the room where the discussion was taking place.

☞ A bill to amend the charter of Elizabeth City has been introduced in the Legislature. What is it?

☞ Cotton at Norfolk: Good middling 9 5-16; middling, 9; low middling 8 9-16; good ordinary, 8. Corn, 53.

☞ In reply to an inquiry, the CAROLINIAN will briefly state that "Cloture" is a rule or decision of a deliberative assembly by which debate is closed and a vote is forced upon some matter depending.

☞ Bills have passed the Legislature to submit the question of toll bridges in Tyrrell county to a vote of the people; and to prohibit the use of Dutch nets within two miles of Oregon Inlet, Dare county.

☞ Mr. John L. Wood, whose illness was announced last week, died at his residence on Road street, on Saturday evening. His age was 73 years. His remains were taken to the family burying ground at Mount Hermon, the funeral ceremonies being conducted by the Masons of this place, he being a member of the order and Tiler of the Lodge. He held the office of Sheriff of this County for several terms after the war.

LOCAL MENTION

Garden making.—The delicate Spring flowers are putting forth.—New building still going on.—Many people are gloomy because they believe all their joys are behind them.—Mrs. W. H. Ballard, of Edenton, has been visiting friends here.—Let all work together for the prosperity of Elizabeth City.—Prof. A. McMillan and wife, of Utica, N. Y., have been spending some time here. They are at the Albemarle. They will remain several weeks. He gave the CAROLINIAN a call, and during an hour pleasant chat gave an interesting account of the public schools of his City, with which he has long been connected.—To a large extent,

The world is as we take it,
And life is as we make it.

—We acknowledge a pleasant call the other day from Mr. G. Henry Roberts, son of our long time friend Captain Harry Roberts of Norfolk. He is an intelligent young gentlemen and impressed us favorably.—The factory of the Crystal Ice Company, which was closed for over a month for want of storage capacity, has started up again.—What is one man's cloud is often another man's sunshine.—Those of our people who attended the Newberne Fair report that it was a grand success.—The trouble with some men is that when they need their nerve most they can't find it.—Mr. J. Wilkins, of Suncook, N. H., is back again and expects to remain some time. He owns considerable property here. He is an enterprising man.—There is a manifested lack of "harmony" in the local Democratic camp.—

Of all hard things to bear and grin,
The hardest is knowing you're "taken in."

—Local trade has greatly improved.—The man who signs another man's petition puts an estoppel on his own claim for the same office.—The Baptists here propose to build a $2,000 annex to their handsome church, to be used for Sunday-school, lectures, meetings, etc.—"This is a nice time to come home," she said as the clock struck 12. "I am glad to hear you say so, dear," he said, ignoring her sarcasm, "I thought you might think I was late."—The Versifier thus speaks of the man with a clear conscience:

He walks about with conscience clear,
(And in his case for thought there's food.)
For he has kept since the New Year
His resolution to be good.

—Pleasure is narrow, happiness is wide.—Mr. Harry C. Price is spending a few days here. He came out to attend his father's wedding. He gave the CAROLINIAN a call.—What some people call prudence is often what others call meanness.—"Why are you so quiet my dear?" he asked. "I licked some of them new Columbian stamps and my tongue is tired," she replied.—The Corner Stone Colored Baptist Church on South Martin street is being enlarged and remodeled and will be repainted.—An eruption of the local Democratic volcano is imminent.—The Listener overheard the following: "I believe that many men in this world are angels in disguise." "Yes, but the trouble with them is that you can never get them to unmask."—The local poet writes,

Bless the girl that's kind
Enough to wear a hat
That'll let a man who sits behind,
Know where the stage is at.

—It is dangerous even in a ball room to step on a moving train.—Captain Thomas Spires, Town Constable, was attacked on Thursday night with hemorrhage of the lungs, and is much prostrated. The CAROLINAN joins his many friends, and they include all who know him, in the hope that he will soon be able to be out on duty again.—Presding Elder Reid occupied the Methodist pulpit on Sunday night.—Miss Sadie Sawyer, of Currituck, who has been visiting Miss Lou Davis, on North Road street, has returned home.—It is not believed that the thoughts of certain anxious aspirants for some of the offices about the way things are developing, would be good family reading.—H. C. Rogers, the popular New York Fish Agent, is in the City.—Nightly prayer meetings are being held at the Methodist Church.—There will be a Feast held at the Rooms of the Y. M. C. A. to morrow night.—The Elizabeth City Shingle Mills have started up again—See Card of Dr. J. R. Trifield, Eye Specialist.—Mr. and Mrs R. J. Mitchell, of Edenton, are now here to make Elizabeth City their home. The CAROLINIAN extends a cordial welcome.—Ex-Senator P. H. Morgan, of Currituck, was in the City yesterday.

For the CAROLINIAN,

FAITHFUL AND TRUE.

I twined for my lassie a wreath of pure lilies,
She smiled in my eyes as I circled her hair,
Bright was her face as the sunbeam that dances,
Light were her golden locks free as the air;
Eyes of pure blue,
Earnest and true.

Weary of working and toiling so lonely,
Weary of striving the whole of the day,
Firm were her steps as we climbed the rough mountain,
Dancing and skipping through all the long way,
Joyous and free,
Looking to me.

Rough were the paths of the mountain we traveled,
Bruised were her feet by the stones of the road,
Longed I for rest in the cool shady meadow,
Longed I for someone to lighten my load,
Weary and lone,
Longing for home.

Longed I for home, I was weary and home-sick,
Longed for a brighter world, fairer than ours,
She, with her tender hands, gathered the blossoms,
Strewing my pathway all over with flowers,
Thoughtful, yet gay,
Radiant as day.

Foaming and surging we heard the mad ocean,
Wild for its freedom to rush o'er the land,
Tossing its white crest and leaping spontaneous,
Singing again a low dirge on the strand.
Fearless and free,
Strong flowing sea.

Calmly she talked of the fair cloudless morrow,
Sweetly she smiled o'er the trials we'd past,
Hand in hand down the side of the mountain we traveled,
To a home in the valley, a refuge at last,
Home ever light,
Peaceful and bright.

Pure was her soul as the snow flake from Heaven,
Sweet was her voice when the night shadows fall,
Help of the helpless and guide to the stranger,
Wishing to lighten the burdens of all,
Pointing above,
To realms of love.

And now as I stand in the twilight and watch her,
I see how she lead me from darkness to light,
When my faith had grown weak, unto glory she pointed,
Onward and upward to day without night,
Land of sweet rest,
Home of the blest.

—AILEEN PEET.

Good Looks

Good looks are more than skin deep, depending upon a healthy condition of all the vital organs. If the Liver be inactive, you have a billious look; if your Stomach be disordered, you have a dyspeptic look, and if your Kidneys be affected you have a pinched look. Secure good health and you will have good looks. Electric Bitters is the great alterative and tonic acts directly on these vital organs. Cures pimples, blotches, boills and gives a good complexion. Sold at Alex Wadsworth's drug store, 50c per bottle.

The Difference.

Kansas City Gazette.

At present a dollar will buy twenty pounds of sugar Under the Democratic sugar tariff it will buy fourteen pounds.

Planters and farmers, whose interests are so largely bound up in keeping horses and mules in condition for the plow, the harrow, and the wagon and whose teams are so frequently "thrown out of gear" by collar and trace galls, and by scratches, sand cracks, &c, will surely stand in their own light if they do not keep at the stables a supply of Salvation Oil.

First-Class Brick: The "Thompson Brick Works" manufacture the best brick for building and all other purposes made in this section. They are well burned and are "all right" in every respect. All orders promptly filled. Address F. G Thompson, manager, Elizabeth City, N.C

Eyes Examined Free!

PROF. J. W. TRIFIELD,

Of Philadelphia,

SCIENTIST, OPTICIAN & INVENTOR of the Medicated Brand of Lenses, can be consulted at Selig's Jewelry Store on Water Street. Glasses accurately adjusted and satisfaction guaranteed.

TESTIMONIALS.

This is to certify that Dr. J. R. TRIFIELD has fitted me a pair of glasses that are entirely satisfactory.

W. J. Lumsden, M. D., Elizabeth City; and Dr. Gordon, Capt. Swathmy, Dr. Philips, John Black, Joseph Spagat, Ira T. Holt, Mr. Beasley, Mr. Grandy of Gramby & Taylor, and others, of Norfolk.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers Salt Rheum, Fever, Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cts per box. FOR SALE BY A. WADSWORTH

COMPLETE MANHOOD AND HOW TO ATTAIN IT.

At last a medical work that tells the causes, describes the effects, points the remedy. This is scientifically the most valuable, artistically the most beautiful, medical book that has appeared for years; 96 pages, every page bearing a half-tone illustration in tints. Some of the subjects treated are Nervous Debility, Impotency, Sterility, Development, Varicocele, The Husband, Those Intending Marriage, etc.

Every Man who would know the Grand Truths, the Plain Facts, the Old Secrets and New Discoveries of Medical Science as applied to Married Life, who would shun the past follies and avoid future pitfalls, should write for this WONDERFUL LITTLE BOOK.

It will be sent free, under seal, while the edition lasts. If convenient enclose ten cents to pay postage alone Address the publishers

ERIE MEDICAL CO.,
BUFFALO, N. Y.

TRAVEL & TRANSPORTATION.

Norfolk and Southern R. R.

Schedule in Effect June 18th, 1891.

Norfolk & Southern R. R. Mail and Express Trains, Southbound, daily (except Sundays), leave Elizabeth City at 11.50 A. M., and On Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 6.00 P. M. Northbound, daily except Sundays, leave Elizabeth City at 2.00 P. M., and On Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 3.00 A. M. Both trains arrive at and depart from Norfolk and Western Depot, Norfolk, connect at Norfolk with all rail and Steamer lines, and at Edenton with Steamers for Roanoke, Cashie, Chowan and Scuppernong Rivers. Transfer steamer to Macey's Ferry, then by N. & S. R. R. to Roper, Plymouth and Belle Haven; connecting with steamer Haven Belle for Bay River, South Creek, &c

Through tickets on sale and baggage checked to all principal Points.

EASTERN CAROLINA DISPATCH

FAST FREIGHT & PASSENGER LINE.

The new and elegant Steamer NEUSE leaves Elizabeth City every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 6.00 P. M., for Newberne, connecting with the N. & S. R. R. for Goldsboro, with the Atlantic Coast Line for Wilmington, Charleston, &c, and with the W. & W. R. R. train for Raleigh, Greensboro, &c. Returning, leaves Newberne Monday, Wednesday and Friday, stopping at Edenton Island going and returning.

Tickets on sale on board Steamer for Kinston, Goldsboro and Morehead City.

Daily all rail service between Elizabeth City and New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Norfolk.

Through cars, and as low rates and quicker time than by any other route

Direct all goods to be shipped via Eastern Carolina Dispatch as follows: From Norfolk by Norfolk & Southern R. R., Baltimore, by P. W. & B. R. R., President street Station; Philadelphia, by Pennsylvania R. R., Dock street Station; New York, by Pennsylvania R. R., Pier 27 North River.

For further information apply to T. Selby, Agent Elizabeth City, or to the General Office of the Norfolk & Southern Railroad, Norfolk, Va,

A. K. KING, General Manager. H. C. HUDGINS, Gen. Frt. & Pas. Agt

Hotels.

NEW ALBEMARLE HOUSE,

C. W. Grice & Bro, Props

Corner Main and Road Sts,

Elizabeth City, N. C.

First-class Hotel. Elegant Rooms, Good Table, Polite Attention. Electric Bells and Lights. Free Bus.

TERMS:—$2 and $2.50 Per Day.

HOTEL MERRIAM.

WATER STREET,

Elizabeth City, N. C.

SITUATED IN THE BUSINESS PART OF THE CITY.

J. E. MERRIAM, Proprietor.

EAGLE HOTEL.

HERTFORD, N. C.

Joseph S. Long, Proprietor.

Free Hack to and from Depot to passengers stopping at Hotel

Special attention paid to the Comfort of Guests, Table well supplied, Rooms clean and tidy. Charges moderate.

WOODARD HOUSE

EDENTON, N. C.

This well-established HOTEL still offers first class accommodations to the traveling public,

FIRST CLASS BAR ATTACHED

Sample Room for Traveling Salesmen and Conveyances Furnished when Desired

Free Hacks to all Trains and Steamers

Terms Reasonable.

J. L. ROGERSON, Proprietor

PATENTS.

Caveats, and Trade-Marks obtained, and all Patent business conducted for *Moderate Fees.*

OUR OFFICE is opposite the U. S. Patent Office, and we can secure patents in less time than those remote from Washington

Send model, drawing or photo., with description. We advise if patentable or not free of charge. Our fee not due until patent is secured.

A PAMPHLET, "How to Obtain Patents with names of actual clients in any State sent free. Address,

C. A. Snow & Co.,

OPPOSITE PATENT OFFICE,

Wahington, D. C

$16 TO $21

TYLER DESK CO.,

ST. LOUIS, MO

Our Mammoth Catalogue of BANK COUNTERS, DESKS, and other OFFICE FURNITURE for 1893 now ready. New Goods. New Styles in Desks, Tables, Chairs, Book Cases, Cabinets, &c., &c., and at matchless prices, as above indicated. Our goods are well-known and sold freely in every country that speaks English. Catalogues free. Postage 12c.

DRUM MAJOR OF THE Grocery Business.

RIGHT AT THE HEAD OF THE PROCESSION!

EXTREME LOW PRICES! FAIR SQUARE DEALING!

16 oz. Pounds.

DOING JUST AS WE ADVERTISE!!

KEEPING GOOD THINGS TO EAT FOR EVERYBODY!

Putting Go in attractive style. Cleanliness and promptness. Buying for cash and selling for cash. These are a few of the many reasons for our

GETTING THERE!

Our music is a little hard for some of our brother grocers to dance to, but we can't help that. They are too slow. We can't wait. Life is too short. DON'T BE A SNAIL, Join the procession; Go with the crowd and buy your.

Groceries, Hardware, Stoves, Tin-ware,
Paints, Oil, Rope, Twine, Hay, Lime, Plaster
Hair, Shingles, &c.

ROBINSON & CO

Water Street, - - - Elizabeth City, NC

WE * POINT WITH * PRIDE! *

To one of the nicest new stores and the largest line of fresh new, seasonable novelties ever brought to this section of the Old North State. We are now located in our new quarters on Water Street, near the corner of Main, and have just returned from the factories with the

LARGEST LINE OF CLOTHING,

DRY GOODS, NOTIONS, SHOES, HATS TRUNKS, &c., it has ever been our pleasure to offer an appreciative public. We have done business in Elizabeth City for a number of years and fully understand what the people want. We have struck the nail on the head this year, both as to

LOWER PRICES AND HIGHER QUALITY!

We invite an inspection of these goods and promise satisfaction to each and every customer. Remember that we are now located in our new quarters on Water street near Main, where we will bid you a hearty welcome.

R. SALOMONSKY

J. B. FLORA. JAS. G. MORRISETTE.

J. B. FLORA & CO.

AGENT FOR DUPONT'S POWDER { "EVERYBODY SAYS" } TOBACCO AND SNUFF AT FACTORY PRIC

That business has been dull and money scarce during the last six months. Notwithstanding this our business has been larger than for any six months since we began, and continues to increase.

Here's Food for Thought

in this condition of things. The reason for it is of great interest to those who have family to provide for. We have been in this business and have done nothing else for twenty years and it is reasonable to suppose that we know our business, when and how to buy to be best served. We purchase in large lots direct from first hands, for cash only, and it will pay you

To Examine Our Stock of

Groceries, Tobacco, Snuff, Cigars, Hardware, Guns, Pistols, Cutlery Paints, Oils, Lead, Zinc, Varnishes and colors, Buggy and Cart Harness, Saddles, Whips, Ship Chandlery Lime, Cement, Plaster, &c.

Quotations Cheerfully Given. Lowest Prices Guaranteed.

New Store, Foot of Main Street, Elizabeth City N. C.

—THE LARGEST STOCK OF—

DRY GOODS, NOTIONS AND SHOES.

Ever shown in Elizabeth City are now open for your examination at

FOWLER & CO'S

WITH PRICES TO PLEASE BOTH AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

I PAY FOR THIS SPACE

Because I have something to say that is of interest to practical people,

Because I want to reach the knowing and progressive people of this vicinity.

Because people of this class are the people whose trade I desire to win.

THE BEST PEOPLE

are the thinking people. They know what they want. They are not to be won by mere irresponsible cackle. Fair dealing wins them, Once one they are staunch customers, not to be budged by bluster.

All thinking people are invited to make an examination of our goods, in order to be convinced of the fact that our low prices are consistent with a high grade of quality

MOSES WEISEL.

WATER ST. ELIZABETH CITY, N. C

Furniure, Waers and Stationery.

☞ I have constantly on hand a large and full assortment of ☜

Household Furnishing Goods, Tin-ware, Wooden-ware, Table Cutlery Queens, Porcelain and French Decorated Ware, Chandeliers, Glass-ware, Wall-paper, Carpets, Oil-cloths, Glass, &c., &c.

Also Bibles, School Books, Poets and Novels at NEW YORK PRICES Albums, Sunday School Supplies and all kinds of Stationery very low

If you Want to Save Money Call and See Me

P. W. MELICK.

Water Street, Elizabeth City, N. C

THREE POINTS

Pozzoni's COMPLEXION POWDER: SAFE; CURATIVE; BEAUTIFYING. 1.2.3.

THREE White, Flesh, Brunette. POZZONI'S All Druggists AND Fancy Stores. TINTS

WE ARE BLOWING GLASS

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h we are not Glass-blowers. In plain words we are talking up our

OCK OF GLASSWARE

his all e our

he finest in the city, as it certainly is the cheapest. Glassware, is, however, only We have the most complete

"THE FAIR"

WATER - - - - - STREET,

Elizabeth City, N. C.

COLLECTION OF CROCKERY

ever put on this market. In variety of styles and designs, in variety of wares, in extent of stock our

COLLECTION OF CHINA

and other ware is without a possible rival. We would also call your attention to our complete stock of Notions, Books, Stationary, Pictures, Toys, Novelties, &c., &c.

The Pine Bath.

The pine bath is one of the modern fashionable treatment fads. A strong solution of extract of pine is poured in the water of the bath, which is made as hot as can be borne. This bath is taken at night only, and is said to soothe the restless spirit and to invoke the drowsy god as nothing else can.—Detroit Free Press.

Pasteur, the great French specialist, is a short, thick-set man, with round shoulders. He walks lame, as the result of paralysis, and his eyesight is poor.

Pins are found among the mummies of Egypt and in prehistoric caves.

An Important Difference.

To make it apparent to thousands, who think themselves ill, that they are not affected with any disease, but that the system simply needs cleansing, is to bring comfort home to their hearts, as a costive condition is easily cured by using Syrup of Figs. Manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, } ss.
LUCAS COUNTY.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid and that said firm will pay the sum of $100 for each and every case of catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D., 1886.

{SEAL} A. W. GLEASON,
Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

There are a large number of hygeic physicians who claim that disease is always the result of a transgression of Nature's laws. The proprietors of Garfield Tea are both physicians and have devoted years to teaching the people how to avoid sickness by following Nature's laws. They give away with every package of Garfield Tea a little book, which they claim will enable all persons, if directions are followed, to avoid sickness of all kinds and to have no need for Garfield Tea or any other medicine.

Wanted.—5000 Pale People to buy 50c. Bottles of Forestine Blood Bitters of all dealers for 25c. Gives you Strength and Vigor with the Freshness of Youth.

"BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES' are excellent for the relief of Hoarseness or Sore Throat. They are exceedingly effective."—*Christian World, London, Eng.*

If afflicted with sore eyes use Dr. Isaac Thompson's Eye-water. Druggists sell at 25c. per bottle

Mr. Harvey Heed
Laceyville, O.

Catarrh, Heart Failure, Paralysis of the Throat

"I Thank God and Hood's Sarsaparilla for Perfect Health."

"Gentlemen: For the benefit of suffering humanity I wish to state a few facts: For several years I have suffered from catarrh and heart failure, getting so bad I could not work and

Could Scarcely Walk

I had a very bad spell of paralysis of the throat some time ago. My throat seemed closed and ***I could not swallow.*** The doctors said it was caused by heart failure, and gave medicine, which I took according to directions, but it did not seem to do me any good. My wife urged me to try Hood's Sarsaparilla, telling me of Mr. Joseph C. Smith, who had been

At Death's Door

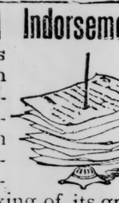
but was entirely cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla. After talking with Mr. Smith, I concluded to try Hood's Sarsaparilla. When I had taken

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

two bottles I felt very much better. I have continued taking it, and am now feeling excellent. I thank God, and Hood's Sarsaparilla and my wife for my restoration to ***perfect health.***" HARVEY HEED, Laceyville, O.

Hood's Pills do not purge, pain or gripe, but act promptly, easily and efficiently. 25 cents.

Valued Indorsement



of Scott's Emulsion is contained in letters from the medical profession speaking of its gratifying results in their practice.

Scott's Emulsion

of cod-liver oil with Hypophosphites can be administered when plain oil is out of the question. It is almost as palatable as milk—easier to digest than milk.

Prepared by Scott & Bowne, N. Y. All druggists.

MRS. MILLY FERGUSON,
Troy, N. Y.

The following tribute to DANA'S power over OLD CHRONIC COMPLAINTS, was sent us by Wm. Groom of the well-known "GROOM'S PHARMACY," 129 Congress St., Troy, N. Y.:

GENTLEMEN:—I have been troubled with **LIVER COMPLAINT, CONSTIPATION and DYSPEPSIA** for a long time. I employed the best Doctors in the city; they told me

Old Chronic Complaints

were **hard to cure. Their** medicine did me **no good.** I stopped taking it and bought a bottle of DANA'S SARSAPARILLA. Before I had taken half of it **I felt better.** I have taken three bottles of

DANA'S SARSAPARILLA!

and am better than for years. **IT HAS DONE WONDERS FOR ME. I can eat anything I want** and it **does not distress me** in the least.

Yours truly,
Troy, N. Y. MRS. MILLY FERGUSON.

DANA SARSAPARILLA CO., BELFAST, ME.

THE PRECIOUS METALS.

The Past Year's Production of Gold and Silver.

The Total Estimated Metallic Stock of the World.

E. O. Leech, the Director of the United States Mint, has transmitted to Congress a report on the production of the precious metals covering the calendar year 1892.

The value of the gold product from the mines of the United States was approximately $33,000,000, about corresponding to the average product of recent years. The product of silver from our own mines is placed at 58,000,000 ounces, of the commercial value, at the average price of silver during the year, of $55,750,000, and of the coining value in silver dollars of $74,089,900. This is a falling off of 330,000 ounces from the product of the preceding year.

The amount of silver purchased by the Government during the year, under the mandatory provisions of the act of July 14, 1890, was 54,129,725 fine ounces, costing $47,-394,291, an average of 87¼ cents per fine ounce. From this silver 6,333,245 silver dollars were coined during the year.

The imports of gold aggregated $18,165,-056, and the exports $76,735,592, a net loss of gold of $58,570,536. The silver imports aggregated $31,450,968, and the exports $37,-531,301, an excess of silver exports of $6,-099,333.

The Director reviews the recent movement of gold from the United States, commencing in May, 1888. During the last year, that is, from February 19, 1892, when the last movement commenced, to February 15, 1893, the export of gold from the Port of New York has aggregated $90,723,639.

The total metallic stock on January 1, 1893, was estimated (to have been: Gold, $649,788,020; silver, $593,335,335; total, $1,243,153,355. The stock of gold in the United States fell off during the last calendar year $89,005,000, while the stock of silver increased $46,000,000.

The amount of money in circulation (exclusive of the amount in the Treasury) was $1,611,321,763 on January 1, 1893, an increase of $18,938,124 during the year.

There was an increase of over $12,000,000 in the gold product of the world during the last calendar year. Of this increase $2,000,000 was from Australia, and over $9,000,000 from South Africa. The total silver product of the world increased during the last calendar years 7,000,000 ounces, occasioned by an increase of 4,600,000 ounces in the product of Mexican mines, and 2,400,000 in the product of the mines in Australia.

NORTH DAKOTA'S SENATOR.

W. N. Roach, Democrat, Elected to Succeed Senator Casey.

The long fight at Bismarck, North Dakota, over the election of a United States Senator to succeed Lyman R. Casey was ended by the choice of William N. Roach, one of the leading Democrats of the State. This result in a Legislature controlled by a Republican majority was brought about through a combination of Democrats, Populists and ten Republicans, who had grown tired of the long struggle and determined to settle it, even at the expense of their own party. When the sixty-first ballot was taken these ten Republicans voted for Mr. Roach, whose remaining forty votes were made up by Democrats and Populists. These fifty votes made a majority on joint ballot, and Mr. Roach was declared elected.

William N. Roach is an "old settler" in that State. His home is in Larrimore, Grand Forks County. He was one of the founders of that town and was its first Mayor. Mr. Roach was born in Virginia in 1840 and educated in Georgetown College, Washington, D. C. He engaged in mercantile pursuits until 1879, when he went to Grand Forks in the then Territory of Dakota. He opened the first mail route to Fort Fottin from Grand Forks, and in 1881 located in Elk Valley, near which he had acquired 360 acres of land by homestead and tree culture entry. With others Mr. Roach laid out the town of Larrimore, and was appointed first Mayor by the Legislature when it incorporated the town. To this office he was re-elected three times, and then declined any further election. In 1884 he was elected as a Democrat to represent Grand Forks County in the Legislature, being the only Democrat elected to the Sixteenth Assembly. At the close of the session he was appointed by Governor Pierce Regent of the University of North Dakota; and was reappointed by Governor Mellette. Mr. Roach has been the Democratic nominee for Governor of North Dakota during two campaigns.

UNDER OUR FLAG.

The New York Now Proudly Bears This Nation's Ensign.

President Harrison raised the American flag, in New York harbor, on the Inman Line steamer New York amid the booming of cannon and the shouts of a great multitude.

Those patriotic Americans who braved the storm to see the christening of the steamship as the Queen of the Naval Reserve of the Republic were amply rewarded. The ceremony of raising the flag on the first foster ship of this country was to have taken place at midday, but, owing to the delay of the train that carried President Harrison, it was not until ten minutes after 2 o'clock that the baptism occurred.

When President Harrison stepped upon the gang plank accompanied by Secretaries Foster, Tracy, Rusk and Elkins, Postmaster General Wanamaker, Private Secretary Halford and Mayor Gilroy, everybody on board was standing to receive him.

President Griscom, of the American line, stepped forward and welcomed him on board. The Naval Reserves were also drawn up to receive him. Mr. Griscom took the President by the arm and escorted him aft.

The Naval Reserve formed an escort to the President and his party and drew up in line across the deck, allowing no one to pass to the spot where the President stood in the stern. No one was with him besides those mentioned except the directors of the steamship company and Rear Admiral Walker of the Chicago. The band played "Hail to the Chief."

When all was ready the signal was given, and the President raised the flag at 2:10 at the stern of the big ship. By a mechanical contrivance the three flags from the three lofty spars were at the same time broken loose from their bonds, and in a moment were floating proudly in the breeze.

As the flag floated out all the vessels in sight dipped their pennants three times. As soon as the ropes were made fast, President Harrison turned and addressed the crowd who thronged the deck. He said:

"It gives me pleasure to consummate here to-day, by the act of lifting this flag, the efforts in support of a principle to which I give my hearty support.

"I have felt as a citizen and as President a mortification which every American must feel who examines into the standing of the United States in the merchant marine of the world.

"I believe we have reached an epoch in our development when we may successfully begin the work of carrying our share of the world's commerce upon the seas.

"We lift the flag to-day over one ship, a magnificent specimen of the naval art, one of the best on any sea.

"That event is interesting in itself, but its interest to me is in the fact that this ship is the type and precursor of many others."

President Harrison and his party started back for Washington at 4:30.

A new commander, and an American, is now in command of the New York. He is Captain Jamison, a graduate of the old American line, of Philadelphia. He was formerly in command of the Red Star liner Westernland, and is an American born and bred.

ON THE SCOTCH COAST.

Fishing Boats Founder and Much Wreckage Drifts Ashore.

The fishing boats Charlotta and Jessie foundered in a storm off Wick, Scotland. All the nineteen men in the boats were drowned.

A terrific storm swept the northeast coast of Scotland. Sleet and rain and occasionally hail fell along the whole northeastern coast. Much wreckage drifted ashore, and reports of small losses of life at various points were received hourly.

A fishing boat went down with its nine occupants in a storm off Banff, on the Scotch coast.

There was a falling off of $16,680,000 in our exports of breadstuffs in January, 1893, as compared with the "European famine" exports of January of last year. There was also a decrease of over $2,000,000 in our exports of beef and hog products for the same period as compared with last year, and an increase of $114,000 in our exports of dairy products.

THE NEWS EPITOMIZED.

Eastern and Middle States.

Mr. CLEVELAND announced at Lakewood, N. J., that J. Sterling Morton, of Nebraska, had been tendered the Secretaryship of Agriculture, and had accepted it. Mr. Morton is one of the most prominent Democrats in Nebraska. He has been in the State Legislature and was talked of as a candidate for Governor last fall.

SIX inches of snow fell in New York City within five hours. Street traffic was delayed and river navigation hindered by the storm.

HUGH O'DONNELL, the leader of the strikers during the Homestead (Penn.) riots, was found not guilty of murder by a jury at Pittsburg. O'Donnell was taken back to jail to await trial on the charges of riot and treason, still pending against him.

MRS. GROVER CLEVELAND, the wife of the President elect, does not approve of the introduction of crinoline. She told several ladies who called upon her at Lakewood, N. J., that she was satisfied with the present style of dress, and saw no reason why there should be a change. None of her inaugural dresses were to be made to be worn with a crinoline.

DURING a fierce northwest gale fifteen unfinished three-story frame buildings on Troy avenue, Brooklyn, were blown down.

FOR the third time in thirteen years the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad Company has passed from the control of its owners into the hands of receivers. On the application of ex-Senator T. C. Platt, a bondholder, the United States Circuit Court in Philadelphia appointed as Receivers A. A. McLeod, Chief Justice Elward M. Paxon and E. P. Wilbur.

HAVOC was caused in the harbor and the sea by the northwest gale and snow storm that swept New York.

JOHN C. ENO, who fled to Canada in 1884 after having misappropriated more than $3,000,000 of the funds of the Second National Bank, of which he was President, returned to New York City and was admitted to $20,000 bail by Judge Wallace.

THERE was a riot between strikers and non-unionists at the Catsburg coal mine, Monongahela City, Penn.

South and West.

COLONEL H. C. YAEGER, ex-Public Administrator, Grand Recorder of Grand Lodge A. O. U. W., Quarter-Master-General of the Department of Montana, G. A. R., and a leading politician, was arrested in Helena, Montana, on eight indictments, charging malefasance of office, embezzlement of $8,000 and failure to make reports as Public Administrator.

MARK AND MART WILSON, freighters employed in hauling ore, were found frozen stiff within a few miles of their home at Florida Station, New Mexico.

DOCTOR OVERTON MOORE was shot and instantly killed at Helena, Ark., by Doctor C. R. Shinault. Both were young. The killing was the result of a quarrel over a question of professional etiquette.

ROBERT L. WALKER, banker, capitalist and manufacturer, made an assignment at Youngstown, Onio, and it was probable on the day after that the failure would carry Governor William McKinley down, the wreck leaving him without a dollar.

THE General Conference of Seventh Day Adventists held its session at BattleCreek, Mich. The delegates came from every State in the Union and from England, Ireland, Scotland, Norway, Denmark, Holland, France, Russia, South Africa, Germany, Switzerland, and South America.

THE steamer Chowan was in collision with the oyster sloop Mary in Choptank River, Maryland, and three men who were asleep in their bunks at the time of the collision were drowned.

IN a remote part of Lewis County, Tennessee, two Mormon preachers who had been in that region for some time preaching Mormonism, after being repeatedly warned to leave the country, were killed while preaching to a small crowd.

IN attempting to drive across the railroad track near Fruitdale, Ohio; Captain James C. Crawford and his son, William, aged seventeen, were run down and instantly killed. The horse was also killed.

Washington.

REAR ADMIRAL AUGUSTUS LUDLOW CASE, United States Navy, retired, died a few mornings since in Washington. He was born in 1812 and was placed on the retired list in 1885. Admiral Case distinguished himself in the war with Mexico and in the Civil War.

THE House Elections Committee decided to report in favor of Elliott, the Democratic sitting member, in the contested election case of Miller vs. Elliott, from South Carolina.

MRS. FRANK W. PALMER, wife of the Public Printer, died in Washington. She, while attending to household duties two weeks before, tripped her foot in the carpet and fell, injuring her hip, which resulted in paralysis.

THE Secretary of the Treasury has appointed Surgeons J. B. Hamilton, H. W. Austin and W. A. Wheeler, and Past Assistant Surgeons J. J. Kingown and H. D. Geddings, a Board to prepare rules and regulations under the National Quarantine act.

PRESIDENT HARRISON returned to Washington from his visit to Benjies, Md., where he went in company with ex-Senator Sewell of New Jersey on a duck-shooting trip. He benefited in health by the trip, though he had poor sport.

THE President has nominated Colonel Elwell S. Otis, Twentieth Infantry, to be Brigadier-General.

SECRETARY ELKINS decided the controversy over the award of the contract for dredging the Delaware River and making a safe approach to Philadelphia harbor, by rejecting all the bids.

Foreign.

SIGNOR GRIMALDI, Italian Minister of Finance, says that the Monetary Conference probably will not reassemble next May, as European Governments are convinced that nothing would come of it.

POPE LEO XIII. received eight thousand pilgrims at Rome, who had come to congratulate him on his coming jubilee.

A HURRICANE swept the island of Nofou, of the Samoa group, continuing for sixty hours. Thousands of trees were levelled to the ground. The old Wesleyan Church was swept away and the European and native houses were destroyed.

THE heavy snowfalls in Japan have been attended by a number of fatalities. In the village of Kaukaumi a snow slide caused the loss of twelve lives.

A SHARP shock of earthquake has done much damage to houses in the towns of Neisse and Glatz, Prussian Silesia.

POLICE INSPECTOR WACHTER, of Berlin, Germany, having been officially admonished for misconduct, was so chagrined that he committed suicide by hanging himself.

SIXTY THOUSAND persons gathered in St. Peter's, Rome, where the Pope officiated at the special jubilee mass.

BARON BLEICHROEDER, the richest banker in Berlin, and one of the richest men in Germany, is dead. The fortune left by him is estimated at $20,000,000.

THE rebel forces forced an entrance to Wazan, Morocco, for the purpose of looting the city. When all were within the walls the citizens closed the gates and attempted to annihilate the attacking force. The streets were scenes of horrible carnage for four hours. Hundreds were killed.

CHOLERINE is raging throughout the country towns of Southern Chile and carrying off children by the hundred.

OWING to the failure of the Cortese to approve the financial schemes of the Ministry the Portuguese Cabinet has resigned.

THE Columbian Government granted a temporary extension of the Panama Canal concession.

BEAUREGARD DEAD.

The Confederate General Expires Suddenly at New Orleans.

General P. G. T. Beauregard died suddenly at 10:20 o'clock a few nights ago at New Orleans, La. He had been ill for two weeks and was declared at the point of death ten days before, but was recovering when an unexpected change carried him off.

Pierre Gustave Toussaint Beauregard was born near New Orleans, May 28, 1818, of French descent. He was educated at West Point, graduating in 1838, and entered the artillery. He was distinguished in the Mexican war at Vera Cruz and Cerro Gordo and was twice wounded. In 1853 he was placed in charge of the defenses of Louisiana, and in 1860 appointed Superintendent of West Point Academy. He resigned from the United States Army February 20, 1861, to accept a commission as Brigadier General in the Confederate Army. He was in command of the Confederate forts at the bombardment of Fort Sumter, in April, 1861. He also commanded at Bull Run the same year, defeating General McDowell's forces. In 1862 he commanded a corps in the Army of the Mississippi, and on the death of General Johnston assumed chief command. He served with General Joseph E. Johnston in North Carolina until the surrender in 1865.

AN EXODUS OF FARMERS.

Many Hundreds of Illinois Families Moving West.

Leaving on Account of the High Price of Land.

A despatch from Clinton, Ill., says: A big exodus of Livingston County agriculturists, to Southwest Minnesota and Northwest Iowa points, is taking place.

It requires three solid trains to transport the stock, farm implements, household goods, etc. The first train started over the Illinois Central Railroad a few days ago, and the last will leave for its destination over the same railroad shortly. All the persons in the party have purchased farms on the line of the Burlington, Cedar Rapids and Northern Railroad. The decrease of the population of the county by this one move means 100 citizens distributed in thirty-four families. Land in this section has risen in value from $5 an acre to $100. Those who have disposed of their small farms here at these high prices and invested the money in land on the line of the Burlington, Cedar Rapids and Northern Railroad at about $30 an acre were able to buy entire sections of soil there. This present exodus of agriculturists represents a holding of nearly 100,000 acres of as rich land as there is in Minnesota or Iowa. Unioubtedly fifty families in all will move out of Livingston County this spring.

De Witt County is in the heart of Illinois and the centre of rich corn belt lands. In one day sixty-five persons, with children enough to make 100 passengers, with thirty-two cars of goods, stock and farm implements, left for the town of Imperial, Neb. Three-fourths of them were well known and quite successful farmers of the county. One large passenger coach and two vestibule cars with chairs are with the special trains.

Public opinion assigns many reasons for the movement west from Central Illinois, of which this is but one instance. The rapid rise to high value of lands on which the occupants in former years toiled hard for meagre profits has bred a desire to sell and use the money in land speculations. Another cause quite evident among the emigrants was the desire to provide homes for the children rapidly growing to manhood and womanhood. The hope of purchasing homes in this region is an utterly forlorn one.

NEW WYOMING SENATOR.

A. C. Beckwith, Democrat, Appointed by Governor Osborn.

A. C. Beckwith, Democrat, a citizen of Evanston, and the wealthiest man in Wyoming, will be a United States Senator for the next two years. His selection to that office was announced by Governor Osborn a few evenings ago. It became necessary to appoint a Senator on account of the Legislature adjourning without electing one.

The new Senator is a genuine Westerner. He has held but two offices. One was members hip in the National World's Fair Commission and the other membership in the first Town Council of Cheyenne. He went to Cheyenne thirty years ago, working his passage across the plains with a bull team. He identified himself with the community by building its first house and opening a grocery. When the railway came and went on he went with it and was a rich man before he settled in Evanston, a thrifty town near the Utah line. There he owns the local bank, herds of cattle and tracts of range, coal mines and coal and timber lands. His hobby is horses and he breeds trotters in the finest farm in the mountains. Beckwith was born in New York sixty years ago, but was in Missouri with a party of trappers at fifteen.

THE Russian War Department has rejected half of the output of new small-calibre rifles of 1892. They were made in the Government factories, and are too defective to be placed with safety in the hands of the army. The re-arming of the infantry will be delayed three years.

THE Treasury Department exhibits at the World's Fair will consist in part of the portraits of thirty-eight Secretaries of the Treasury, beginning with Alexander Hamilton, in 1789, and concluding with Charles Foster and John G. Carlisle, 1893.

ARMY recruits are becoming so scarce that War Department officials are apprehensive of the army ranks being depleted.

THE MARKETS.

Late Wholesale Prices of Country Produce Quoted in New York.

BEANS AND PEAS.			
Beans—Marrow, 1892, choice	$2 45	@	$2 50
Medium, 1892, choice	2 15	@	2 20
Pea, 1892, choice	2 20	@	2 25
Red kidney, 1892, choice	2 85	@	3 00
Red kidney, poor to fair	—	@	—
Lima, Cal., per bush	2 15	@	2 20
Green peas, 1892, per bbl	—	@	2 00
BUTTER.			
Creamery—St. & Penn, extra	—	@	—
St. & Penn., firsts	—	@	—
Western, firsts	27	@	28
Western, seconds	24	@	25
Western, thirds	22	@	23
State dairy—half tubs, and pails, extras	28	@	—
Half tubs and pails, 1sts	25	@	27
Half tubs and pails, 2ds	22	@	24
Welsh tubs, extras	—	@	—
Welsh tubs, 1sts	25	@	26
Welsh tubs, 2ds	22	@	24
Western—Im. creamery, 1sts	24	@	25
W. Im. creamery, 2ds	21	@	22
W. Im. creamery, 3ds	—	@	—
Western Factory, fresh, firsts	21	@	23
W. Factory, seconds	19	@	20
W. Factory and dairy, 3ds	17	@	18
CHEESE.			
State factory—Full cream, white, fancy	12	@	—
Full cream, colored, fancy	12	@	—
Full cream, good to prime	11	@	11½
Part skims, choice	8½	@	9
Part skims, good to prime	7	@	8
Part skims, common	4	@	6
Full skims	1	@	2½
EGGS.			
State and Penn—Fresh	28½	@	—
Western—Fresh, fancy	28	@	28½
Limed—State	—	@	—
FRUITS AND BERRIES—FRESH.			
Apples—King, per bbl	—	@	—
Baldwin, per bbl	2 00	@	3 00
Greening, per bbl	2 50	@	3 25
Grapes, up river, Del., 5 lb.	—	@	—
W. N. Y., fresh, 5 lb	15	@	20
W. N. Y., inferior, 5 lb	—	@	—
Cranberries, Cape Cod, bbl.	8 00	@	10 00
HOPS.			
State—1892, fair to choice	23	@	24
1891, prime	16	@	21
1892, common to good	19	@	23
Old odds	6	@	10
LIVE POULTRY.			
Fowls—Jersey, State, Penn.	14	@	14½
Western, per lb	14	@	—
Spring Chickens, local, lb	—	@	13
Western per lb	12½	@	13
Roosters, old, per lb	8½	@	9
Turkeys, per lb	12	@	13½
Ducks—N. J., N. Y., Penn., per pair	85	@	1 13
Western, per pair	80	@	1 00
Geese, Western, per pair	1 62	@	2 00
Pigeons, per pair	40	@	45
DRESSED POULTRY—FRESH KILLED.			
Turkeys, per lb	13	@	17
Chickens—Phila., per lb	15	@	18
Western, per lb	14	@	—
Fowls—St. and West., per lb	14	@	—
Ducks—Fair to fancy, per lb	12	@	13
Eastern, per lb	—	@	—
Spring, L. I., per lb	—	@	—
Geese—Western, per lb	7	@	11
Squabs—Dark, per doz	3 00	@	—
White, per doz	4 00	@	—
VEGETABLES.			
Potatoes—State, per bbl	2 37	@	2 62
Jersey, prime, per bbl	2 25	@	2 37
Jersey, inferior, per bbl.	1 50	@	2 00
L. I., in bulk, per bbl	—	@	2 62
Cabbage, L. I., per 100	6 00	@	8 00
Onions—Eastern, yellow, bbl.	3 50	@	4 00
Eastern, red, per bbl	3 50	@	3 75
State, per bbl	3 25	@	3 75
Squash—Marrow, per barrel	—	@	2 25
Sweet potatoes, Va., per bbl.	—	@	—
South Jersey, per bbl	3 00	@	5 00
Celery, near by, doz. bunches	1 00	@	1 50
GRAIN, ETC.			
Flour—City Mill Extra	—	@	—
Patents	4 40	@	4 65
Wheat—No. 2 Red	79	@	80¾
Rye—State	57	@	61
Barley—Two-rowed State	65	@	67
Corn—Ungraded Mixed	49	@	53
Oats—No. 2 White	37¾	@	38
Mixed Western	37½	@	39¾
Hay—Good to Choice	65	@	90
Straw—Long Rye	65	@	67½
Lard—City Steam	—	@	12.50c
LIVE STOCK.			
Beeves, City dressed	7¾	@	9¾
Milch Cows, com. to good	20 00	@	55 00
Calves, City dressed	8	@	12¾
Sheep, per 100 lbs	4 00	@	5 60
Lambs, per lb	5	@	9
Hogs—Live, per 100 lbs	8 25	@	8 50
Dressed	10	@	11

LATER NEWS.

THE railroads in the Middle and New England States were badly crippled by the snowstorm.

THE last named members of Cleveland's Cabinet, according to a dispatch from Lakewood, N. J., were Hilary A. Herbert, of Alabama, for Secretary of the Navy, and Richard Olney, of Massachusetts, for Attorney-General. Mr. Herbert has been in Congress for many years, and has acted as Chairman of the Naval Committee of the House. He is thoroughly familiar with the work. Mr. Olney is one of the leading practitioners of the Massachusetts bar. He has not held any political positions. His selection gives New England a representative in the Cabinet, and that of Mr. Herbert gives the South three positions.

ASSISTANT CASHIER LEWIS REDWINE, of the Gate City National Bank, of Atlanta, Ga., is a defaulter. He disappeared with $25,000 in cash. It is known that he had stolen $65,000. The figures will probably reach $85,000.

GOVERNOR MCKINLEY, of Ohio, made an absolute and unqualified assignment of his property to Herman H. Kohlsaat, of the Chicago Inter-Ocean; Myron T. Herrick, of Cleveland, and Judge Day, of Canton. The property is turned over without preference for the equal benefit of his creditors.

PRIVATE SECRETARY HALFORD qualified as Paymaster in the Army and has been detailed to accompany and pay the Bering Sea Commissioners.

AN explosion at the Skalis mine in Styria caused fifteen deaths, besides twenty miners being more or less seriously injured. Six persons were drowned by the flooding of the Rudolf mine at Carlsbad, Bohemia.

THE Princess Kaiulani, of Hawaii, sailed from Liverpool for this country on the Teutonic.

A NEW Cabinet was formed in Portugal, with Senhor Ribeiro as Prime Minister and Minister of Foreign Affairs.

RUFUS HATCH, the well-known Wall street man, died a few days ago. He had been ill for some time at his home in Westchester, N. Y. Rufus Hatch was born in 1832 in Wells, York County, Me.

GOVERNOR WERTS vetoed the three racing bills passed by the New Jersey Legislature.

THE Gate City Bank, of Atlanta, Ga., closed its doors on account of Cashier Redwine's defalcation of $70,000.

THE Beaupre Mercantile Company, of St. Paul, Minn., a dry goods concern, failed with liabilities of $400,000.

FRANK HOLLAND was hanged in Brazoria, Texas, for murder. The execution was private.

THE Navy Department has been informed of the arrival of the gunboat Bennington and the cruiser Newark at the Canary Islands with the Columbus caravels Nina and Pinta in convoy.

THE President nominated J. E. Cochran, of Nebraska, to be Consul of the United States at San Salvador; R. R. Lewellyn, of Utah, to be Judge of Probate in the county of San Pete, in the Territory of Utah; Henry W. Raymond, of New York, to be examiner of claims for the Department of State

THE President sent to the Senate the nomination of Benton Hanchett, of Michigan, to be United States Circuit Judge for the Sixth Judicial Circuit, to succeed Judge Jackson. He was born in Madison County, New York, in 1836. He has been an attorney and railroad counsel in his State for many years.

THE Bering Sea Commission of Arbitration held a formal meeting in Paris and adjourned until March 23d.

ELEVEN Sicilian brigands were sentenced to penal servitude for life.

NEWSY GLEANINGS.

HOGS are scarce and high.

FRANCE is worth $40,300,000,000.

AMERICA is worth $47,475,000,000.

THE Economite Society is in trouble.

NEW YORK CITY'S debt is $98,556,402.

LAKE CHAMPLAIN is entirely frozen over.

UNCLE SAM pays $90,000,000 a year in salaries.

HONDURAS, Salvador and Nicaragua are on the verge of war.

SILVER in quantities is said to have been discovered near Brazil, Ind.

THIRTY-SIX new school districts were established in Kansas last year.

NEARLY 4,000,000 tons of ice have been harvested on the Hudson River this season.

ABOUT twenty-five per cent. of the cattle on Northwest ranges have perished in the late storms.

THE Mexican Government has adopted measures to retire the big copper cents from circulation.

CHILE will soon send her war ship Imperial to San Francisco laden with exhibits for the World's Fair.

REPORTS from the Southern waters are almost unanimous as to the unprecedented number of wild fowl.

SAN BERNARDINO, Cal., is solving the tramp problem by giving the travelers but one meal daily while in jail.

A MISSOURIAN, after forty-two years, has been compensated by the Government for a mule lost in the Mexican War.

NEW ORLEANS, LA., is to have a Masonic Lodge, the members of which will all be Chinamen. It is the first of the kind organized in the South.

GOVERNOR PATTISON ordered the entire division, National Guard of Pennsylvania, to participate in the ceremonies inaugurating President Cleveland.

WHEN Mr. and Mrs. Johnson, of Saunders, Wis., took the wraps off their baby to have its photograph taken, after driving to Richmond, they found it dead.

PROBABLY the smallest child on record was born a few days ago in Kokomo, Ind., to Mrs. J. Enders. It is a girl and weighs with its clothing twenty-one ounces.

JUSTICE INGRAHAM at New York has decided that the Manhattan Elevated road must pay into the city five per cent. of its net earnings. The deficit covers the past ten years.

THE bill making an appropriation of $100,000 to have a Texas exhibit at the World's Fair, has been virtually killed by an indefinite postponement. If Texas is represented, it must be by private effort.

WOLVES are playing havoc with the small domestic animals in the De Lartigo region and in Grant Parish, Louisiana. The ravenous beasts have cleaned out all the lambs and pigs and "are now at work on the tougher muttons and porkers."

By the escape of a hundred American oxen in the streets of Barcelona, Spain, the other day, nine persons were wounded and one girl killed. Seventy of the animals were shot in the street, whereupon the citizens helped themselves to steaks.

THE winter has been unusually severe all over Europe, from the Arctic to the Mediterranean. In many sections the inclemency of the season is entirely unprecedented, and even in the far North it is necessary to go back fifty years for its parallel.

FOSTER RESIGNS.

The Secretary of State Leaves for the Bering Sea Arbitrament

After Secretary of State Foster's resignation had been in the hands of the President for some time, the announcement of its acceptance, to take effect immediately, was made. At 4 o'clock Mr. Foster started for New York, whence company with Mrs. Foster, Senator Morgan, one of the arbitrators for the United States; several attaches of the State Department detailed for duty in connection with the arbitration, and several personal friends, he sailed in the New York for Europe to take charge of the United States case before the Bering Sea arbitrators. Thomas Coudert, of New York, will be presented. Messrs. E. J. Phelps, J. C. Carter and H. W. Blodgett expected to sail soon after in the Normandie for Havre. In addition to the arguments these gentlemen will make to the arbitrators it is understood that a brief for the United States, prepared by Mr. F. R. Coudert, of New York, will be presented.

Assistant Secretary Wharton will be acting Secretary of State until the end of Mr. Harrison's term.

If You Were on the Moon.

If lunar conditions are favorable to human existence, and it is not certain that they are not, and you could be transported to the top of Pico or some other tall peak or rock on the surface of our "silvery sister world," how do you suppose things would look from such vantage ground? You would probably first turn your eyes in the direction of our earth, the world you had just quitted, but to you it would be a stranger. In place of the somber globe you would naturally expect to behold your eyes would be greeted with a most wonderful sight. The earth would appear to you to be sixty-four times larger than the sun appears to the residents of this mundane sphere; this because the earth has eight times the diameter of the moon, therefore she must necessarily show the moonites sixty-four times as much surface as the moon shows us. The sun, on the other hand, would appear no larger to you from your observatory on the moon than it does from our globe. The earth's atmosphere being blue it has been decided that the earth must appear as a blue ball to all outside onlookers. What a glorious sight it must be to our lunarian neighbors to look upon a bright blue, swift revolving ball sixty-four times larger than the soul.—St. Louis Republic.

A Gigantic Gorilla.

At a meeting of the Anthropological Society in Berlin, Lieutenant Morgen has reported that his assistants, at a place twenty-five days' march from the coast of Cameroon, Africa, shot a gorilla of such a size that the measure across its chest was seventy inches, and its shoulders were as wide as those of three men united. The creature had to be dragged to the station by the united strength of sixteen men, so heavy was it. Hitherto no gorilla has been seen by Europeans beyond the first degree north latitude.—St. James's Gazette.

Westminster Bridge, built in 1750, was the first in which the foundations were laid by the aid of caissons.

Fairs of North China.

Northern China is the country of fairs. In any given district there is a constant succession of large gatherings at which it is not uncommon for as many as 10,000 persons to be congregated. The fairs are sometimes called the "poor man's market" for the great display of second hand clothing which the owners wish to dispose of.

At Techou and at another point on the Grand Canal there are annual fairs held from the beginning of the twelfth month to the fifteenth day of the same month, at which there is a great display of foreign goods, especially woolens, sold at cheaper rates than at other times. This is called the fair of the grain fleet, and is one of the products of the vicious system of grain taxes. About 400 vessels are annually employed for transporting the Shantung grain tax to Tungchow, near Peking, and upon their return these vessels bring large quantities of goods from Tientsin, which are sold at the fairs. While some of the fairs are held at times rigidly fixed and never varied most of them are wholly uncertain as to time.—North China Herald.

A Salisbury (N. C.) woman is reported to be cutting her third set of teeth.

The Desert Burro Superseded.

A prospector now in Yuma, and who made the trip here from Durango, Col., with two horses, says that the time honored burro, whose ancestry is inseparably mixed up with Mexican history, is not as good an animal for desert travel as the ordinary mustang horse. It has always been considered that the burro had the advantage of the horse in his capacity for endurance on a slim diet. This, the gentleman states, is not so great as is generally considered, although he once had a burro who ate a pair of gum boots and a Navajo blanket one afternoon. This was done merely to show off and was not considered to be a nutritious meal even by the jackass himself, who was of French descent, and merely wished to put on style to humiliate a band of scrub mustang horses with whom he was forced to associate. The gentleman who has had experience with both classes of animals prefers horses to the slow burro and says that although the latter will live a day longer without food or water, yet the distance covered by the horse in a given time is so much in his fav